

# Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXI, NO. 32.

HONOLULU, H. I.: TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1896.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 1752.

## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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Price 75 Cents.

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Orders from the other Islands promptly

attended to.

Corner King and Fort Sts.

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THE KROEGER PIANO.

Testimonial to Agent Bergstrom

From a Celebrated Pianist.

(P. C. Advertiser, January 10, 1896.)

Honolulu, H. I., December 28, 1895.

J. W. BERGSTROM, AGENT KROEGER PIANO

DEAR SIR:—It gives me much pleasure to

testify to the merits of the Kroeger Cabinet

Piano used by me at the series of

concerts given at the Y. M. C. A. Hall

by the Ovide Music Concert Company.

The piano has a very superior tone quality

and the action is perfect. I was very fortunate

in securing such an instrument.

Yours very faithfully,

EDWARD SCHAEF,

Musical Concert Company.

J. W. BERGSTROM,

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WORLD-FAMED

Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all

impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema,

Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases,

and Sores of all kinds, its effects are

marvellous.

It cures Old Sores.

Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.

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Cures Glandular Swellings.

Cures the Blood from all impure Matter.

From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and

warranted free from anything injurious to the

most delicate constitution of either sex, the

Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to

test its value.

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From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 9d., and in cases containing

six bottles a quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to

effect a permanent cure in the great majority

of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS

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THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors,

THE LANCET AND MIDLAND CONTINENTAL DRUG

COMPANY, LONDON, ENGLAND.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture,

and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

1799

"Joe," otherwise Mr. Commissioner, Marsden has had a number

of applications for mandioc plants

since the article appeared in the

columns of the Advertiser. Mr.

Marsden distributed the plants as

requested.

## CONCORD---LEXINGTON.

Sons of Revolution Celebrate

Early Victories.

CHIEF JUSTICE IS THE HOST.

The House Transformed into a Bower

of Flowers—President Jones Makes

an Address—Reminiscences of a

Visitor to the Famous Old Town.

The home of Chief Justice Albert

Francis Judd, L.L.D., on Nunan

avenue was filled last Saturday night

with the members of the Hawaiian

Sons of the American Revolution,

who with their wives and a number of

especially invited guests met in honor

of the 121st anniversary of the Battle

of Lexington and Concord. "Lexington

Alarm Day" as it is called by the

patriots now-a-days.

Beautiful flowers and plants made

the spacious home of the Chief Justice

a thing of beauty indeed. The

guests were made speedily welcome to

the hospitality of the Judds by members

of the family. At 7:30 o'clock

the president of the society, Hon. Peter

Cushman Jones, called those present

to order in the front parlor and after

invocation by Compatriot Birnie, in a

speech described the glorious day on

which the patriotic sires of those present

had made the stand against the

troops of King George 121 years ago.

Vice-president of the society, Chief

Justice Judd, followed in a more

detailed account. How the gallant Paul

Revere had ridden away at night to

warn the patriots John Hancock and

Samuel Adams of their danger from

arrest by the British authorities. How

the bridge over which the minute men

retreated was torn up so as to prevent

the enemy following but, unfortunately,

the planks had been placed on the

wrong side of the stream and the

soldiers simply had to replace them.

How that these few shots fired had

been heard in all the thirteen colonies

east and west, north and south, and

the blood of the patriots who fell on

that day was speedily avenged on the

soldiers of England. Mrs. W. W. Hall

followed in a stirring rendition of

Longfellow's "Paul Revere's Ride"

which evoked long applause. Mrs.

Henry Castle then spoke in a most

interesting way of "Lexington 100 Years

After." This town has been Mrs.

Castle's home and she described the

great ceremonies at the 100th anniversary

of the Battles of Lexington and

Concord when the late president U. S.

Grant and thousands of Americans

wended their way to this liberty spot.

Though but a child at that time, Mrs.

Castle remembered the dreary, drizzling

day and the great crowds that

thronged the village on that auspicious

day. The old house in which Paul

Revere had his interview with John

Hancock and Samuel Adams was

described and although still inhabited

was being pulled down right on the

heads of the dwellers therein by patriotic

relic hunters. Marble slabs mark

the spots of interest around these historic

towns and the annual recurrence

of the 19th of April brings a concourse

of people from all over the East to

Concord and Lexington to view again

the place where our forefathers laid

down their lives for liberty. Mrs.

Castle was at Lexington a year ago

and found the place thronged on that

day with sight seers. All through

Massachusetts and in all the older

states markers have been placed by the

Society of the Sons of the American

Revolution on the spots where great

events occurred in the War of the

Revolution.

"Fast Day" in Massachusetts has

been changed to "Patriots' Day." Mrs.

Castle spoke in a conversational tone

and her speech was full of witty

reminiscences. When she concluded the

audience only wished it had been three

times longer.

William Douglas Alexander gave the

genealogy of his distinguished ancestor,

Colonel Douglass, who commanded

a flotilla on Lake Champlain during

the Revolution and died a martyr to

the cause in 1777. President Jones

spoke of the formation on these islands

of a chapter of the Society of the

Daughters of American Revolution.

Mrs. A. F. Judd has been named as

Regent and the complete organization

of this society will soon be accomplished.

The exercises concluded

with the singing of "America" by all

present and it was sung with a hearty

good will indeed.

At the close President Jones urged

that all those eligible not yet affiliated

with the society, do so immediately.

The aims of the society are purely

patriotic. The Hawaiian Society now

numbers forty-three members.

Refreshments were served in the

diningroom and those present indulged

in interchange of opinions until half

past ten.

Among those present were President

and Mrs. Dole, Chief Justice and Mrs.

Judd, Minister and Mrs. Cooper, Minister



## OUR NATIONAL DEBT.

Logical Reasons Why it Should Be Consolidated.

FROM LORRIN A. THURSTON'S PEN

The Lord Helps Those Who Help Themselves—Money for Public Improvement—Wants—Waives—Questions of Detail and Get Money in the Best Market.

EDITOR ADVERTISER—A condition confronts us. The condition is, that the Republic owes \$3,000,000 in round numbers on the greater part of which it is paying 6 per cent. interest or \$180,000 per annum.

A further condition confronting us is that immediate pressing needs for roads, wharves and other improvements demand the further expenditure of another \$1,000,000 if the progress and development which the country is capable of is to be accomplished.

Where is this money to come from? The Legislature may put the screws on to the corporations and squeeze an extra fee out of the barbers, the doctors and the lawyers, but the gross receipts from this source will not make much of an impression on \$1,000,000.

The logic of the situation is that we must borrow or go without.

To drop the contemplated improvements—the roads through Kona, Puna and Hilo—the wharves absolutely required in Hilo and Honolulu by our growing commerce, means stagnation and retrogression.

This cannot be thought of.

We hope for annexation and believe that it will come in due time, but such belief and hope justify no "Macawber" tactics.

"Waiting for something to turn up," is going to build no wharves, open no lands, make no roads, and give no progress in any direction.

"The Lord helps those who help themselves." Sitting still and waiting for some one else to do something never accomplished anything yet and it never will.

While we should earnestly work for annexation and cherish the belief and hope that it will be accomplished, we should not for that reason relax our efforts for our own salvation. Like the old lady who was ready to die at any time, but made her plans as though she expected to live forever, we must at all times work and prepare for annexation but go on with our plans as though we were to be independent for all time.

If in carrying out these plans we borrow another \$1,000,000 at 6 per cent. it will mean another \$60,000 a year interest, or a total interest bill of \$240,000.

What are we going to do about it? Go along in the old groove paying 6 per cent without making an attempt even, to get a lower rate?

The old Gibson regime with its corrupt and ignorant financiering borrowed money at that rate. Can we do no better?

For ten years we have met the interest on our London bonds with not a break. Revolutions, changes, pestilence and difficulties have never caused a default in our interest, either at home or abroad.

Are we not now in a position to take advantage of our good reputation and get a little better terms? None but impetuous, defaulting, irresponsible communities now pay as high as 6 per cent. interest on their loans. In fact it has been well said that it is a suspicious circumstance for a country to be paying 6 per cent interest on its bonds. Such fact is taken by the financial world to indicate that there is something wrong somewhere, and that the bonds must be of a speculative character. Nothing is so disastrous to national credit as such a reputation.

Is it not sound policy under these circumstances to try and cut down our interest rate? If we can refund our existing debt at 5 per cent we can borrow another \$1,000,000 making a total interest charge of \$200,000 only \$20,000 a year more than we are now paying. If we can refund at 4½ per cent the annual interest charge on \$4,000,000 will only be \$180,000 or exactly what we are now paying for the use of only \$3,000,000.

Is not this worth working for? It is said that we should wait for two years and see what the United States will do.

The reply is, we want the money now—waiting to see what the United States or any other country is going to do, is unworthy of the energy, the pluck and the manhood of this country. It is said that if we go to England for the money it will displease the people of the United States. Very well. Don't go to England if we can get the money in the United States. Don't go to the United States if we can get the money in Hawaii.

As to displeasing the American people if we borrow money from England when we cannot get it from the United States, and use it to develop Hawaii, which draws 87 per cent. of its im-

ports from the United States, I simply don't believe it.

Americans in every State in the Union borrow money from England. The United States Government borrowed \$50,000,000 in London only last year.

Borrowing money in London does not indicate that we love John Bull the more or Uncle Sam the less. It indicates that we have cut our eye teeth and are getting our government into line with other progressive governments, all of whom borrow in London because it is the world's money market—precisely for the reason that they buy cotton in New Orleans and hides in the Argentine—because that's where they are to be found. I believe in fostering our relations with the United States in every possible way, but do not let us become mawkish over the subject and think that we must sneeze every time our Uncle Sam catches cold in order to demonstrate our affection for him.

It is said that the bill introduced by the Minister of Finance proposes too much of a commission and an undue discount. Maybe it does. Maybe it does not. It is about the same rate that the Australian Colonies have paid in accomplishing their refunding operations.

However, that is merely a matter of detail. Change the rate of discount if thought best, but do not let us lose dollars while disputing over nickels. I can see no one step which the Legislature can take which will better demonstrate their statesmanship than to pass a bill, with all restrictions and limitations which may be deemed necessary, which will put it in the power of the Executive to refund the national debt.

If the opportunity then presents itself we shall be in a position to take advantage of it.

If it does not, we cannot blame ourselves for neglect.

LORRIN A. THURSTON.

## STEAMER KAENA SINKS.

Inter-Island Flagship Goes Under Water.

An Open Valve Thought to be the Cause of the Accident—Was Without a Cargo.

Close onto 3 o'clock Sunday morning Captain Christian, night watchman at the Inter-Island wharf, found the steamer Kaena sinking alongside the wharf. The fall of the davit close by was attached to the bow of the steamer, and that, together with the masts and the smokestack, were kept above water. The cause of the accident is not known, but it is surmised that one of the valves to the condenser was left open. Who could have been responsible for this is not known. Since the Kaena is known to have no leaks, it is hard to place the cause of the accident to any other incident than the leaving open of the valves. The steamer was without freight when she sunk, so that not much damage will result. Men will be set to work rescuing her from her submerged condition today.

## AN HAWAIIAN ABROAD.

Maurice Beckwith Makes Debut in London—Friendly Notices.

It will be interesting to the people on the islands to hear that Mr. Maurice Beckwith, nephew of Rev. E. G. and George Beckwith, of Maui, recently made his debut as a vocalist at a fashionable concert in London, England.

Mr. Beckwith left here ten years ago to take up his studies in the East, and was a pupil of Prof. Hosmer for two years at Great Barrington, Mass.

A London paper, referring to the concert, says:

"Mr. Maurice Beckwith gave his first concert at the Steinway Hall on Monday, and catered very successfully for a large audience, who manifested throughout their appreciation of the excellent musical fare placed before them. Mr. Beckwith is far more than a vocalist. He is a musician and a teacher, but he limited his efforts on this occasion to the singing of three songs, in which he exhibited his careful training, sound method and interpretative powers."

During the winter of 1893, F. M. Martin of Long Reach, West Va., contracted a severe cold which left him with a cough. In speaking of how he cured it he says: "I used several kinds of cough syrup, but found no relief until I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which relieved me almost instantly, and in a short time brought about a complete cure. When troubled with a cough or cold use this remedy, and you will not find it necessary to try several kinds before you get relief. It has been in the market for over twenty years, and constantly grows in favor and popularity. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by all druggists and dealers. Benson Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands."

## FOR CHINESE HOSPITAL.

Legislature Asked to Set Apart Land.

LIBIDINOUS SOLICITATION.

Passes First Reading in Senate—The Odd Fellows Will Celebrate—Report of Committee on Accounts—No More Work Until Monday.

Forty-seventh Day.

Friday, April 17.

After the opening exercises of the senate the secretary read a communication from the House to the effect that the House had concurred in the joint resolution making April 30 the limit for the introduction of new bills by members.

Senator Waterhouse presented a petition signed by some 300 Chinese.

The secretary read a letter from Dr. Rodgers, inviting the senators to be present at the anniversary exercises of the Odd Fellows at San Souci, April 26th. The Senate returned the usual vote of thanks.

Senator Brown's amendment to chapters 1330 and 31 of the Compiled Laws, relating to the disposal of property in cases of divorce, was read and the bill referred to the Printing Committee.

Senator Waterhouse's bill to amend chapter 43 of the law of 1890, relating to corporations was referred to the Printing Committee.

Senator Lyman gave notice of a bill providing for the redemption of real estate after mortgage sale.

Senate bill No. 28, relating to patents, passed the second reading and was made the special order for Tuesday.

House Bill No. 17 on libidinous solicitation, passed the second reading under suspension of the rules and was referred to the Committee on Public Health.

House Bill No. 20, abolishing the office of Commissioner of Private Ways and Water Rights, was read the second time by title and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Adjourned to Monday.

House of Representatives.

The usual preliminaries were gone through with, papers were rustled, old and new fans were taken from their resting places on account of the heat, and the House got down to business after a moment of quiet thought.

Rep. McBryde presented the following report of the Committee on Accounts, as follows:

"Your Committee on Accounts, to whom was referred the matter relative to the payment by the House, under the head of 'Legislative Expenses,' of bills incurred in the printing and binding of the reports made by the several departments of the Government, to the House, for such printing and binding and duly found in order, shall be ordered paid for out of funds appropriated for the expenses of the Legislature." Report adopted.

Rep. Kazo presented the following petition signed by 327 Chinese residents and taxpayers of Hawaii, as follows:

"First—That there are about 5,000 Chinese on the island of Oahu and about 10,000 on the other islands.

"Second—That the Chinese have introduced into these islands the cultivation of rice which is a very profitable industry in that it has increased the value of land heretofore wild and uncultivated, and is also profitable to the producer and owner of land.

"Third—That your petitioners claim and contend that the Chinese are an industrious, law-abiding and hard-working people, and form a desirable and profitable portion of the population of the Republic.

"Fourth—That your petitioners have reason to feel grateful to the Government of this Republic for the kindness and consideration shown towards the Chinese, and desire to thank them for the same.

"Fifth—That the Chinese portion of the population in conjunction with the 'United Chinese Benevolent Society,' are desirous of erecting a hospital for the care of the sick and also in connection therewith a home for the aged, infirm and helpless Chinese.

"Sixth—That your petitioners are willing to erect under Government supervision, at their own cost, suitable buildings for the purpose aforesaid, and to maintain and conduct them in such manner as the Government Inspector or Board of Health shall decide if a suitable piece of Government land is granted to the trustees of the United Chinese Society in or near Honolulu for such purpose.

"Your petitioners therefore pray that the Executive or some Honorable member thereof will introduce a bill for the purpose set out in this petition, and that the same may pass and become law."

Report referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Speaker Naone announced the following invitation to the House:

"The officers and members of the House of Representatives with their families are cordially invited to attend the twenty-seventh anniversary of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Sans Souci on Saturday, April 25th.

There will be a basket picnic, various sports and games for the young people during the afternoon and music and dancing afternoon and evening.

C. T. RODGERS.

Sec'y Committee of Arrangements Secretary instructed to accept the invitation with the thanks of the House. At 10 30 a m House adjourned until Monday.

## What Is It?



IS IT

HENRY CLAY,  
BOCK & CO.,  
LA AFRICANA,  
VERA CRUZ,  
OWL, or  
MANILA Cigar he Smokes?

It was bought of

## Hollister & Co.

— IMPORTERS OF —

Fine Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes and Smokers' Articles.



—\$2.50 to \$6.50—

## What Do You Want?

WE KNOW! You want to make money, of course. So do we. But how? USE OUR SHOES. HUMPH! That is what the other fellow says. Well, let him say it. We MEAN it, and will prove it—give us the opportunity.

Nobody ever accused us of copying anybody.

"PRINCESS,"  
—\$3.00 to \$4.50—

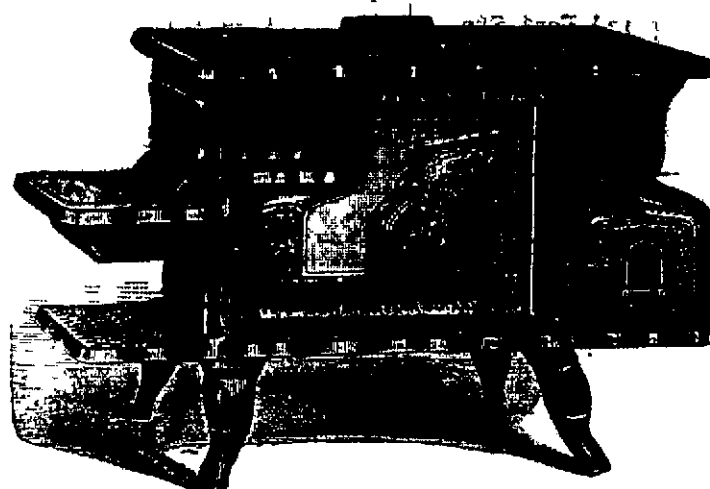


## The Manufacturers' Shoe Co.,

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS.

Fort Street, Honolulu, H. I.

## JOHN NOTT,



## Wrought Steel Ranges, Chilled Iron Cooking Stoves.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS:

Agate Ware (White, Gray and Nickel-plated), Pumps, Water and Soil Pipes, Water Closets and Urinals, Rubber Hose and Lawn Sprinklers, Bath Tubs and Steel Sinks, O. S. Gutters and Leaders, Sheet Iron Copper, Zinc and Lead, Lead Pipe and Pipe Fittings.

PLUMBING, TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON WORK.

Diamond Block, 75-79 King Street.

## For Twenty Years



We have been tailoring at moderate prices.

Twenty years of experience to profit by.

Our KNOWLEDGE of CLOTHES for STYLE, FIT, and WORKMANSHIP, have stood the test as the liberal patronage we have received assures us of that fact.

We have just received our fall stock of woollens, which we are offering at prices that will astonish you.

## H. S. TREGLOAN & SON.

## Look Here!

For prices and then come around and look at the articles quoted. It will surprise you to see how these goods can be sold for the money. It's simply because we are manufacturers and buy only from manufacturers.

## Book Cases

\$3 and Upwards.

OAK TABLES,

\$2 and Upwards.

BABIES' HIGH CHAIRS,

\$3.

Handsome and well-made Solid

## Oak and Plush Rockers

\$4.00.

Curved Seat Swinging Design

Rockers - - - - \$7.50.

Ironing Table - - - - \$6.00.

These tables are a folding, take apart and easy adjustable table that when not in use take up little of any space; the board is made to fit sleeves, etc., etc.

## HOPP & CO.

Furniture Dealers,

CORNER KING AND BETHEL STS.

HONOLULU

## CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

W. W. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

## CARRIAGE BUILDER

AND REPAIRER.

All orders from the other islands in the Carriage Building, Trimming and Painting Line will meet with prompt attention.

P. O. Box 381.

128 and 130 FORT STREET.



## POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOGNIZED COUGH REMEDY. Its immense sale throughout the world indicates its medicinal value.

20,000 CHEMISTS SELL IT.

Those who have not already given it a trial should do so at once.

IN PALACE AND COTTAGE ALIKE, Powell's Balsam of Aniseed is the old and unexcelled COUGH REMEDY. It is large and throughout the whole civilized world produces its great work.

LOOSENS THE PHLEGM IMMEDIATELY. NIGHT COUGH QUICKLY RELIEVED. SEE TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON EACH WRAPPER. See the words "Thomas Powell, Blackfriars Road, London," on the Government Stamp.

Refuse Imitations. Established 1824.

SQUATTERS and FARMERS WHEN ORDERING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT OMIT THIS TIME-TESTED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH.

POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED.

FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS and STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND AND CAFE COLONIES.

Bottles 1s. 1d. and 2s. 6d.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands

HOLLISTER DRUG CO. L.D.

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## BALANCE TO CREDIT.

First Methodist Episcopal Church  
Dedicated.

IS NOW FREE FROM DEBT.

Eloquent Sermon by Dr. Dille Sunday.  
Handsome Church Decorations  
Seen in Years—Old Missionaries  
Take Part—Liberal Donations, Etc.Yesterday will long be remembered  
by the congregation of the First Meth-  
odist Episcopal Church as the one on  
which the building was dedicated to  
God free from debt.Rev. E. R. Dille, D. D. of San Fran-  
cisco came down upon the solicitationREV. HARCOURT W. PECK.  
Pastor First M. E. Church.of Rev. H. W. Peck, the pastor, to  
preach the dedication sermon and the  
church was crowded by representative  
people to listen to his able discourse.The altar rail was most artistically  
decorated with fragrant and beautiful  
flowers and the chancel wall back of  
the pulpit was covered with three large  
palm branches; from the center one a  
bunch of white calla and Easter lilies  
hung gracefully. Potted plants were  
numerous all over the platform. A  
very refined decorative taste was ex-  
hibited in arranging the flowers.Officiating at the services besides  
Dr. Dille and Mr. Peck were the ven-  
erable missionaries Dr. Hiram Bing-  
ham and Rev. Sereno Bishop. The  
Japanese Minister, Rev. H. Kihara,  
occupied a chair at the right. Each  
took part in reading passages from  
the scriptures or in announcing the  
hymns to be sung by the congregation.  
The dedication sermon by Dr. Dille  
was upon the "Certainties of Religion."The speaker held the attention of  
the audience for fifty minutes by his elo-SENATOR HENRY WATERHOUSE.  
President Board of Trustees.quence and in illustrating his subject  
by relating instances which have come  
before him in his life's journey and  
using them as comparisons with the  
words of the Bible. He spoke of  
God and religion as easier to become  
acquainted with, if one's heart is right,  
than even an intimate friend. His  
word pictures were interesting in the  
extreme.Speaking of the church Dr. Dille  
said it was here to remain, as any other  
church, was expected to; he never  
heard of a Methodist church going  
under once it was built. As to this  
particular church, the fact that it was  
to be dedicated free from any indebted-  
ness, and with probably a surplus  
to the good, was something phenom-  
enal. For that reason he was sure  
the church would stand and the con-  
gregation would grow differently from  
that of a Presbyterian church in Ne-  
vada where the membership decreased  
to one old lady. One of the Board  
of Missions visiting there saw the state  
of affairs and notified the old lady  
that he thought it best to disband the  
church. But the only remaining  
member was faithful and refused to  
disband.At the close of the sermon Rev. H.  
W. Peck and the congregation read  
the 128th Psalm responsively.The reading of the financial state-  
ment by C. B. Ripley, treasurer, was  
next in order. Following is a copyTotal subscriptions ..... \$6,718 86  
Total amount paid in to date ..... 5,351 00  
Total amt to be collected ..... \$1,367 86  
Less amt. considered doubtful ..... 350 00Net amt available subscrip's \$1,017 86  
Cash on hand ..... \$1,298 46Total assets ..... \$2,316 12  
Bills payable ..... 2,144 77Surplus ..... \$ 171 35  
Property cost \$10,000, \$8,000 of this  
amount is unpaid costing the church  
\$560 per year interest and \$480 of thisamount is received in rent leaving  
but \$60 per year as amount to be paid  
by church.Amount paid on lot ..... \$2,000 00  
Cost of deed, mortgage on lot,  
etc., ..... 109 00  
Insurance ..... 75 20  
Total cost of building ..... 3,069 85  
Total cost of furnishings ..... 942 76  
Treasurer's book ..... 50  
\$6,197 31Of the subscriptions there was one  
of \$1,000, one of \$500; one of \$300, five  
of \$250, one of \$200; three of \$150,  
seventy-five aggregating \$3,018.66;  
eighty-seven subscribers averaging  
\$77.22 each.Senator Henry Waterhouse, presi-  
dent of the board of trustees, accom-  
panied by the other members of the  
board then stepped to the altar rail  
and presented the church, Dr. Dille  
read the dedication and afterward  
made the dedicatory prayer. The ser-  
vices concluded with the congrega-  
tion singing the doxology after which  
Rev. Sereno Bishop pronounced the  
benediction.Following is the regular order of ser-  
vices at the morning services. It was  
faithfully and excellently carried out.Hymn No. 5.  
Invocation by the pastor, Rev. H. W.  
Peck.  
Scripture lesson, 2 Chron. vi. 1, 2,  
18-21, 40-42; vii. 1-4. Rev. S. E. Bishop.  
Hymn No. 8.—Rev. H. Kihara.  
Scripture lesson—Hebrews x, 19-26,  
Rev. H. Bingham, D. D.  
Morning offering,  
Hymn No. 178.  
Sermon by Rev. E. R. Dille, D. D.  
Theme—"Certainties in Religion."DEDICATION SERVICE.  
Psalm 122, read responsively.  
Financial statement by Mr. C. B.  
Ripley, secretary board of trustees.  
Presentation of building by Senator  
Henry Waterhouse, president of trust-  
tees.Declaration.  
Dedicatory prayer—Rev. E. R. Dille,  
D. D.  
Benediction—Rev. S. E. Bishop.  
Doxology—Congregation.Rev. E. Dille, the distinguished di-  
vine now in the city and who will  
preach the dedication sermon at the  
First Methodist church tomorrow was

REV. E. R. DILLE, D. D.

born in Illinois and when 17 years of  
age entered the Northern army, joining  
as a private soldier, the 150th In-  
diana volunteers.After the close of the war he entered  
college from which he graduated. Af-  
terwards he studied law, but never  
practiced. Preferring theology, he  
studied and became a minister in Illi-  
nois and ordained by Bishop Simpson.  
Twenty-three years ago he was trans-  
ferred to California on account of the ill  
health of his wife. During his residence  
in that state he has earned a reputa-  
tion, as an exponent of the Gospel, sec-  
ond to none on the Pacific coast.He is a trustee of the University of  
the Pacific and will preach the baccala-  
urate sermon there on May 23. He  
was invited to the presidency of the in-  
stitution but declined.Dr. Dille is prominent in G. A. R.  
matters and a Past Department Chap-  
lain of the corps in California.During his stay here he will deliver  
three lectures, all of which are popular  
on the coast. His first will be on Abrah-  
ham Lincoln and the Civil War, be-  
ginning with the early life of Lincoln  
and continuing until the close of the  
war. This lecture will be illustrated  
with slides from views taken by Brady  
during the war. There are a number  
of the battle of Gettysburg, which will  
be of intense interest to the members  
of the G. A. R. Besides battle scenes  
there will be portraits of the leaders of  
the war. To make the lecture as real-  
istic as possible old war songs will be  
rendered by good singers.Another lecture, one which has be-  
come very popular in California, and  
wherever else Dr. Dille has delivered it,  
is the "Pilgrimage to American  
Shrines." This begins at Old Plymouth  
going through towns and buildings that  
have been immortalized by famous  
writers and through association with  
events in the olden days. It will show  
views of the haunts of Hawthorne and  
Emerson. The lecturer will exhibit  
twenty views of Concord, the scene of  
a famous battle in the revolution which  
will be celebrated by the Sons of the  
American Revolution at the residence  
of Chief Justice Judd tonight.Dr. Dille delivered this lecture at the  
request of Mrs. Stanford before the  
Sons and Daughters of the American  
Revolution in the Occidental Hotel  
some time ago and quite recently before  
an audience of 1,500 people at the Met-  
ropolitan Temple, San Francisco. Dur-  
ing his visit at Concord he was the  
guest of Mrs. Daniel Lathrop at "Way-  
side House."His third lecture will be on "Love,  
Courtship and Marriage," a subject  
most of Honolulu is familiar with.Dr. Dille is the organizer of the Civic  
Federation, a reform organization in  
San Francisco, which aims at purifying  
politics. The success of the movement  
has been most gratifying.

## TO STUDY OUR CLIMATE.

Douglass Archibald Makes Some  
Suggestions.

WORK WITH UNITED STATES

How Observations in Hawaii—Can be  
of Use to American Meteorologists.  
Establish More Observations—Mat-  
ter Put Before U. S. Bureau.Since his arrival on the last Mari-  
posa, Douglass Archibald, late Profes-  
sor in the Government University at  
Calcutta, and Fellow of the Royal Me-  
teorological Society, has been delving  
in statistics in connection with the cli-  
mate of Hawaii. Mr. Archibald has  
come to realize the importance of the  
Hawaiian Islands to the United States  
from a meteorological standpoint, and  
has noted some of Hawaii's scientific  
possibilities in a letter to C. J. Lyons,  
the head of the Meteorological Depart-  
ment.Mr. Archibald notes the desirability  
of a more extensive and systematic me-  
teorological department, gives his rea-  
sons and makes suggestions which have  
been apparent to Hawaiian scientists  
for some time, as follows:"At present there is only one station  
(Honolulu) where the observations are  
of any scientific value. There are only  
five stations at which the temperature  
recorded is published, and no stations  
at which hourly values are taken. These  
are totally inadequate to represent the  
islands."The new system suggested involves  
the establishment of first-class observ-  
atories at Hualalai, 8,273 feet above sea  
level, Hilo and Honolulu, together with  
a subsidiary autographic meteorograph  
which will run for two or more months  
on the summit of Mauna Kea, 13,825  
feet elevation."First—The unique geographical posi-  
tion of the Hawaiian group and its  
orography render its local features pec-  
uliar, and for coffee planting, etc.,  
worthy of special study."Second—The local weather can only  
be forecasted by an extensive and sys-  
tematic scheme, headed by a trained  
meteorologist of modern type, who can  
devote his whole attention to the work."Third—For long period forecasting  
by the Pacific States Bureau, a knowl-  
edge especially of the barometric  
changes at sea level and at the level of  
Mauna Kea in the upper anti-trade  
current would be most desirable, since  
it is by these that the system of long  
period forecasting now so successfully  
in vogue in India is carried out."These observations could be used by  
the States in the absence of a cable,  
though they would be even more useful  
if transmitted without delay by the lat-  
ter."Fourth—For short period forecasting  
the observations especially of barometer  
at sea level and at Hualalai and Mauna  
Kea would be invaluable to the United  
States weather service, and this forms  
an additional argument in favor of the  
establishment of a cable."Fifth—For the general advance of the  
science, the establishment of such ob-  
servatories would be of great value."Sixth—Since the observations would  
presumably be of great value to the  
States as well as to Hawaii, the cost  
might be divided by the following ar-  
rangement: The United States Weather  
Bureau to depute a paid meteorologist  
to organize and carry on the work and  
at out the observatories on the Hawa-  
ian Islands, and to pay for weather  
telegrams when the cable is laid, on the  
understanding that the Hawaiian Gov-  
ernment defray the expenses of the  
necessary instruments, buildings, in-  
spection and offices and attendance."Professor Archibald states "his in-  
tention of laying the matter before the  
United States Weather Bureau, so that  
if they share his views they may ap-  
proach the Government of Hawaii on  
the matter on a basis similar to what he  
has outlined. Meanwhile he hopes the  
Hawaiian Government will consider the  
importance of establishing a system  
of such high and low level observato-  
ries, which would not only enable it  
to thoroughly investigate its own me-  
teorology and climate—matters which  
are now found by every highly civilized  
State to ramify in so many channels of  
practical life—but to enter into a sci-  
entific alliance with the United States for  
a mutual study of the conditions which  
regulate the daily and seasonal weather  
over the North Pacific and correlatively  
adjoining countries, including the is-  
lands and the Western States and Can-  
ada.

## Your Stock

Will do better on  
FIRST-CLASS FEED.

## HAY AND GRAIN

BOUGHT OF US

Is the very best at the  
VERY LOWEST PRICES.

## CALIFORNIA FEED COMPANY

Nuuanu and Queen Streets.

TELEPHONE 191.

## "Success"

IS THE  
PERFECT FILTER!

BECAUSE:

First—The filtering medium is Tri-  
pol Stone which does not receive into  
its pores the fifth and germs it extracts  
and which is always the same, no  
matter how long in use.Second—The action of the filter  
downward, from an upper to a lower  
jar, passes the water, drop by drop,  
through the air, restoring the oxygen  
thereby which the water may have lost  
from stagnation, confinement, or other-  
wise, and imparting to it freshness of  
taste, sparkle and vitality.Third—Its action is as rapid as is  
consistent with efficacy. A too rapid  
filtering does not wholly remove im-  
purities.Fourth—Every part is accessible for  
cleaning, and without laborious effort.  
Thorough cleanliness is the chief re-  
quisite of any good filter.Fifth—The jars being made either of  
stoneware or porcelain insures water  
being kept pure and uncontaminated  
after being filtered.Sixth—Stoneware for those who de-  
sire an efficient yet low-priced filter,  
and the finest porcelain, decorated to  
suit, enables the SUCCESS to accom-  
modate itself to the wants of all in  
the matter of price.Seventh—Its construction admits  
also of its capacity being adapted to  
suit the wants of all, from the indi-  
vidual tourist to the largest hotel or  
laundry.Since introducing the Success Fil-  
ter, we have sold a large number of  
them, and they give perfect satisfac-  
tion.This cut shows a sectional view of the  
STONEWARE FILTER,  
Styles 1 and 2.Set up ready for  
use. There are  
two crocks, each  
of four gallons  
capacity—on a  
single stand—each  
holding the Filter  
Block as shown, and  
a lower one, which  
can be used as a  
water cooler, if  
desired.The block is  
four inches in  
diameter by the  
same in height,  
and is hollowed  
out on inside.This fits on a  
metal tube, which  
fastens by means  
of the nut, shown  
in separate cut, to  
bottom of Filter  
Jar. Block can  
be lifted off tube,  
cleaned, and re-  
placed in two min-  
utes, and with no trouble  
at all. Water passes from outside of block  
through the walls into the hollow chamber,  
and from thence, by means of the Drip  
Tube, into the lower receptacle.

## STYLE 1.

## Best Dark-Glazed Stoneware

Family size, as shown with an upper and  
lower jar, each of four gallons capacity.  
Hotel or restaurant size, 10-gallon top and  
bottom crocks, with four blocks (quadruple  
capacity.)

## STYLE 2.

## Best Salt-Glazed Stoneware

Same sizes as style 1.

Try one. To be had of  
E. O. HALL & SON,  
AGENTS.

Sold Everywhere

HOLLISTER & COMPANY,  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.  
4273 1749-2m

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Importers, Dealers and Manufacturers of

## All Kinds of Fertilizers

Phosphates,  
Potash  
and Ammonia,Separately or in Compound. In quan-  
ties to suit. Correspondence and orders  
promptly filled.

A. F. COOK, Manager.

COPPER-PL. PRINTING  
AT GAZETTE E.

## CASTLE &amp; COOKE, Ltd.,

Life and Fire

## Insurance Ag'ts.

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual

## LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Boston.

## Fire Insurance Company

Of Hartford.

## INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies &amp; Co., Ltd.

AGENTS FOR

## FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE

## INSURANCE.

## Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE &amp; LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, \$3,975,000.

## BRITISH AND FOREIGN

## MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ltd.,

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES &amp; CO., Ltd., Agents.

## Hamburg-Bremer Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed

agents of the above company are prepared

to insure risks against fire on Stone and

Brick Buildings and on Merchandise

stored thereon on the most favorable

terms. For particulars apply at the office

of F. A. SCHAEFER &amp; CO., Agents.

## General Insurance Company for Sea, River and

Head Transport of Bremen.

Having established an agency at Hono-

lulu and the Hawaiian Islands the under-

signed General Agents are authorized to

take risks against the dangers of the sea

at the most reasonable rates and on the

most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER &amp; CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.

OF BERLIN.

## Fortuna General Insurance Company

OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have

established a General Agency here, and the

undersigned, General Agents, are author-

ized to take risks against the dangers of

the seas at the most reasonable rates and

on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER &amp; CO., Gnl. Agts.

## Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and re-

serve, reichsmarks 6,000,000

Capital their reinsurance com-

panies 101,650,000

Total reichsmarks 107,650,000

## North German Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and re-

serve, reichsmarks 8,850,000

Capital their reinsurance com-

panies 35,000,000

Total reichsmarks 43,850,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the

above two companies for the Hawaiian

Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings,

Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Ma-

chinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills,

and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or

damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD &amp; CO.

## North British and Mercantile

## INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL ASSETS 31ST DEC., 1894.

\$1,671,018 2s. 2d.

1—Authorized Capital, £2,000,000

Subscribed Capital, 2,750,000

Paid-up Capital 687,500 0 0

2—Fire Funds 2,410,992 7 3

3—Life and Annuity Funds 8,572,525 14 11

\$11,671,013 2 2

Revenue Fire Branch 1,546,856 18 7

Revenue Life and An-  
nuity Branches 1,358,821 16 9

\$2,905,678 15 4

The accumulated funds of the Fire and  
Life Departments are free from liability to  
respect of each other.ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

S. T. ALEXANDER H. P. BALDWIN

## ALEXANDER &amp; BALDWIN

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NO. 3 CALIFORNIA STREET,  
SAN FRANCISCO  
Island Orders Promptly Filled.

## BENSON, SMITH &amp; CO.,

Jobbing and Manufacturing

## PHARMACISTS.

DEALERS IN

## PURE DRUGS,

Chemicals,

## MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS

AND

## Patent Medicines

At the Lowest Prices.

COR. OF FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

W. H. RICE.

## Stock Raiser

And Dealer in:

## LIVE STOCK.

BREEDER OF:

## Fine Horses and Cattle

Well-bred Fresh Milch Cows, and

Young Sussex Bulls,

Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses

## FOR SALE.

Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring

Single, Double or Four-in-hand Teams or

Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W.

H. Rice's Livery Stables.

All Communications to be Addressed to

W. H. RICE.

LIHUE, KAUAI.

## Metropolitan Market

KING STREET.

## Choicest Meats

From Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Proprietor.

## Families and Shipping Supplied



## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

PUBLISHED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, - - - APRIL 21, 1896.

We would like to point out to our law makers that extreme injustice was done to the investors of this country under the Gibson loan. Under that deal the discount and commission was allowed to English investors, while the investors here were charged par value. This is a point well worth looking after.

Minister Cooper took his seat as a member of the Board of Education Friday. The appointment of Mr. Cooper is a good one. He is a pushing man of broad views, and will soon become familiar with the work of the board. The appointment is further satisfactory in that it gives the board a voice in the cabinet and in the legislature. The business of the board, which has been almost at a standstill since the commissions of Mrs. Dodge and Judge Perry ran out in February, can now be carried on, as the appointment makes a quorum. There is still another vacancy to fill.

Special attention is called to the Registration Act, published in another column, which is now the law of the land. Although the principles of this Act have been severely criticised, it must be remembered that we are dealing with practical facts, not theories. It is hoped, and we believe, that this law will prove of invaluable assistance in carrying out certain restrictive laws which have become necessary on account of the peculiar character of our population, and it behooves every intelligent citizen to mark well the provisions of the Act, and lend his influence to strict enforcement.

The registration act has received the sanction of the president and will soon become a law of the land. Now comes the question of supplying funds to make the law of value, and we trust our legislators will meet the emergency properly. A cheese-paring policy in this instance would be ruinous. The law is in many respects an experiment, and sufficient money should be expended in its administration to allow the trial to be a fair one. We believe the new departure will be successful and entirely satisfactory in its results, if the men who have admitted the sound character of the theory will follow their conviction with due recognition of the practical side of the question.

Sir Alfred C. Lyall recently delivered a lecture in London upon "Conquest and Commerce," in which he showed that, viewed from an historical standpoint, commerce had not been so peaceful a pursuit as it is usually imagined. Half the British wars of the eighteenth century grew out of disputes over trade. There is a general desire to drop conquest and keep to commerce, but it seems a difficult task. Fifty years ago some politician said Great Britain could hold the trade of India whether it assumed political control or not, but all history was against the theory. The lecturer also pointed out that although Cecil Rhodes might have his faults, he had pegged out the lines of a great dominion for England in South Africa.

The discussion in the senate upon remitting the personal taxes of all male citizens attending the schools of the country has had a most curious effect upon some of the native and Portuguese scholars of the night schools in Honolulu. Many of those patronizing the night schools labor under the impression that if they continue their attendance they will be obliged to pay an additional tax. There bids fair to be quite a falling off in the number enjoying this new educational privilege. There is an opportunity for missionary work by those who have influence among these people, and we trust that the opportunity will not be slighted. Nothing could be more remote from the truth than that the government desires to place any taxation barrier in the way of young men and boys who wish to devote their evenings to study.

The fact that 282 bicycles were imported during 1895 valued at \$16,413.33 shows that the "bike" is not a luxury but is a necessity. It also shows the actual value of bicycles to be on an average \$58.20, while the selling price ranges from \$100 to \$125 a piece. It is a fact that bicycles can be sold far more cheaply than they now are. A firm of carriage makers in San Francisco finding that its business was seriously affected by the sale of bicycles determined to convert the carriage factory into a bicycle manufactory. They figured that they could make and sell bicycles for \$35 a piece. To prevent this the other bicycle firms combined and paid to the carriage making firm the income it had been making from carriages. But undoubtedly the

price of bicycles will come down. The Japanese are making bicycles far cheaper than anyone else in the world. But then it does not suit us to buy Japanese bicycles.

Following is the foreign policy plank of the platform adopted by the Massachusetts Republican State Convention which elected Reed delegates to the national convention at St. Louis. "We believe in a foreign policy which shall be at all times and with all nations firm, vigorous and dignified."

"Our interest in the American continent must be carefully guarded, and for the protection of those interests we should maintain our influence in the Hawaiian Islands, and build and control the isthmian canal. We have never interfered, and shall not now interfere with the long established possessions of any European power in the Americas. But those possessions must not be extended. The Monroe Doctrine, as declared in 1823, and enforced in 1865, and in 1895, must always be upheld."

Marshal Brown in his report draws attention to the fact that children of tender years are often on the streets late at night, and that the law does not give the police power to send them home. Though averse to laws controlling the liberty of the subject, yet we cannot see why a law should not be enacted which would have the effect of keeping children off the streets after a certain hour. In the lower slums of the city it is no uncommon thing to see children running about till after midnight. We force these children to school during the day and do our best to teach them moral truths, but we do nothing for them during the rest of the twenty-four hours. All that has been taught in the early part of the twenty-four hours is pretty well obliterated during the remainder of the time. These children see sights and hear language which they should neither see nor hear.

We would again call attention to the fact that no certificates of birth can be obtained in this country and to the very inefficient way in which statistics are kept. Some time ago a gentleman wishing to leave the country and making application for such a certificate was told that no such certificates were ever issued. He had to go to considerable trouble to get the fact of the birth of his children sworn to before a notary. And even then we doubt very much how such an official document would be regarded in the country he hailed from, where official documents meet you at almost every turn. The Legislature has much to do, we admit, but during the time the Senate is waiting for the House to get some work ready, some member might draft a short bill dealing with this matter. Even the power to grant certificates under the present law would be a boon. But the whole law wants revising.

In the last number of the Planters' Monthly is an article from the Barbadoes Agricultural Gazette which contains many suggestions that may be considered with profit by the people of Hawaii. The article opens with the quotation: "Jamaica that has led in the path of new industries is now the most prosperous of West Indian Colonies," and goes on to state that notwithstanding a depression in the sugar market Jamaica's prosperity has continued as a result of the numerous agricultural industries which the colony has to fall back upon. The day of sound Hawaiian prosperity will dawn when its sugar making industry is supplemented by the cultivation of other money-making crops. At the present time the spirit of the nation rises and falls with the sugar market, and this condition will continue so long as we adhere to the one-crop principle. It behooves the people of this country to follow the advice of James G. Blaine and "put an anchor to windward." In this case the larger the number of agricultural anchors the greater the profit to the sugar planter as well as the merchants.

Nicoli Tesla, whose electrical discoveries are second only, if not quite equal, to those of Edison, writes to The Electrical Review of interesting physiological results obtained from the Rontgen ray. By exposing the head to powerful radiation he has found that there is created a tendency to sleep and time seems to pass very quickly. In experiments upon himself he has noted a general soothing effect produced by the ray and a sensation of warmth in the upper portion of the head. The same experiment upon a laboratory assistant confirmed the tendency to sleep and the quick lapse of time. Remarkable upon the possibilities suggested by the experiments Tesla says: "Should these remarkable effects be verified by men with keener sense of observation I shall still more firmly believe in the existence of material streams penetrating the skull. Thus it may be possible by these strange appliances to

project a suitable chemical into any part of the body." If the electrician can hit upon a new method of injecting the disagreeable doses that now have to be swallowed they will confer a blessing upon suffering humanity that will not be forgotten.

## PIGS GALORE.

Among the plants introduced by Mr. Marsden in 1834 after his visit to Jamaica was the Mandioc. It has proved a splendid food for pigs. Indeed Mr. Marsden informs us that if people will only plant Mandioc we can raise all the pigs we need. The great trouble with pig raising in this country has been the matter of cheap food. In the Kula of Maui, where a large number of pigs are raised by Portuguese and Chinese, the chief dependence is upon the fruit of the prickly pear. But this food gives out during a portion of the year. The Mandioc gives an inexhaustible supply all the year round.

W. H. Rice has tried it in Kaula with excellent results and L. Von Tempsky has gone into it considerably on Maui. The plan is to plant in paddocks, so that when one paddock is used up the next may be ripe. The pigs do their own digging up. Thus the cost of digging up the roots and preparing them is saved. So fond are pigs of the root that they will not leave a scrap in the paddock. When the pigs are through with the field it is in fine condition for replanting.

Mr. Marsden has a large number of plants ready for distribution and we should recommend the members from the country districts to look him up. During the year 1895, according to the custom house statistics, 1,983 pigs and hogs were imported, valued at \$9,350.67. It would be a good thing to keep that amount of money in the country. There seems to be no doubt that fed on Mandioc pigs can be raised cheaper than ever before.

## DR. JAMESON.

The next steamer from the Coast will probably bring us the result of the trial of Dr. Jameson and his principal officers. There is much that is picturesque in Jameson's ride and fight, but however one may be struck by its picturesqueness and its bravery, none the less is the act which Jameson committed a crime. Wash off the effervescent wave of jingo patriotism and there will be found plenty of good common sense in England to condemn the action of Jameson, which after all is but the outcome of Cecil Rhodes' policy. Our belief is that Jameson and his companions will be punished and punished severely. They have certainly engaged the very best legal talent at the English bar, but brilliant forensic ability will not rub out facts, however it may try to garble them, and a jury of non-partisans is not liable to be carried away from the main point by glittering generalities about patriotism.

The "Westminster Gazette" says: "The people who cheered Dr. Jameson yesterday will cheer Mr. Chamberlain tomorrow and President Kruger, if he comes, a month later. \* \* \* To infer from it that the offense, of which Dr. Jameson is charged, is lightly regarded in this country, or that, if it is brought home to him, no jury will convict, is altogether beside the mark." The "Manchester Guardian" regretted that Jameson and his men had been received as they had. Of course Labouchere's "Truth" has been very bitter against him and has seized the opportunity to attack Cecil Rhodes very fiercely. But in spite of his strong invective Labouchere is the exponent of the opinions of a large number of the English people, or perhaps we should say he is the leader of the opinions of many people. Taken altogether we believe our diagnosis of the case will prove a correct one and that is that the "hero of the music halls" will not get off so cheaply as many people think.

## Y. M. C. A. AND TAXES.

Following out the line of argument made in the Senate Monday upon the exemption of the Y. M. C. A. from taxation, it seems that the decision rests upon the answer to the question: Is a public institution to be regarded as sectarian because it is supported by funds contributed by the members of evangelical churches? If this query is answered in the affirmative, then the Honolulu Library Association is a sectarian institution and the same may be said of nearly every combination made to establish institutions that will place healthful educational influences at the disposal of the general public. Whatever the by-laws of the Y. M. C. A. may be or whatever the course of similar institutions in the United States may have been it is true that our Association has been conducted upon a purely non-sectarian basis.

With its free reading room its gymnasium and its free classes in bookkeeping, typewriting and stenography, the work of the Association has been purely philanthropic and free from any influences that might jar upon the finer sen-

sibilities of those fearful of having their people led in the religious path of the evangelical churches. The Association rooms as a resort for the boys the young men of the city are safeguards against the ever-present evil influences that allure too many young men to ruin.

If we have people within our midst who will try to make political capital out of a slight recognition of the public work done by the Y. M. C. A., the sooner we find it out the better. Does it count for naught that this institution plays a part in shaping the moral character of the young men of the nation?

## INCOME TAX.

Mr. T. H. Davies' letter upon taxation, which was published Thursday, was a clearly thought out and sensible document. His advocacy of an income tax is in line with the theory of taxation which we had mapped out for future publication.

Professor Ely, in his work on "Taxation in American States and Cities" devotes a full chapter to the taxation of incomes. Of such he says: "The central and variable tax in a proper system of state taxation ought to be an income tax." The income tax in Japan has been a success and the income tax in England is.

We cannot endorse the idea that a uniform rate should be levied upon all incomes. In Japan there is an exemption for small incomes, then a rate of one per cent rising gradually till upon large incomes three per cent is charged.

We also think that Mr. Davies' exempt income is too high. A man who receives \$2,000 per annum should not be exempt from taxation. We incline to \$600 as the limit of exemption, and, of course, this exemption should be deducted from all incomes. But to draw up and discuss properly an income tax bill, will, we fear, not be possible this session. Our legislature will need a good deal of study to meet the question properly.

Mr. Davies' last suggestion, that in order to reach the Chinese, Japanese and others, they should be given the option of keeping their books in English or else be taxed on 'property, seems to meet the difficulty very well.

## SALVATION ARMY TROUBLES.

The rupture in the Salvation Army resulting in the organization of "God's American Volunteers" by Mr. and Mrs. Ballington Booth, seems to be an extension of the old spirit of independence that led the American colonies to sever their connections with the mother country. From a religious standpoint, however, it may be regarded as a most unfortunate move. It is not a hopeful sign for those who look forward to the time when the Christian people of the world will overlook individual peculiarities and join hands in a grand onward march "for Christ and the Church" as exemplified in the work of the Christian Endeavor Society. It is an evidence that religious workers have not become entirely forgetful of self and cannot "give and take" as they should in matters of religious administration.

The Morning Star, a Free Baptist paper published in Boston, says of Ballington Booth's action:

"The epitaph of Ballington Booth, if rightly written, will be, 'Destroyed by His Friends.' He is still among men, but has missed the one great opportunity that comes to all, and henceforth must be classed with other great failures. Like thousands that have preceded him, he mistook his own will for God's will, and, spurred on by friends of high and low degree, has rebelled against his superior officer; and in the act he has done more harm to himself than it is possible to ever repair."

"There has come to be a belief in the hearts of the most skeptical that in the Salvation Army, at least, were leaders who cared not for self and were unwavering followers of the Master. Had Ballington Booth proved true to God in this crucial trial, he would have been first of all in the hearts of the Army, and, if he outlived his father, his logical and inevitable successor. Men of all creeds, and those of no creed, applaud and respect one who sacrifices self and lives his highest professions."

## REFUNDING AND ANNEXATION.

There can be no doubt that the funding bill is thoroughly sound in policy. If improvements are to be made, and if this country is to continue to keep in the van of progress we must have money to make the required improvements. We cannot have our roads improved our wharves built and our farming and fertile lands opened up to the population that we hope will fill them up, unless we have money for the purpose. To say that all the money should come from Hawaii is on the face of it absurd. What capital we have here is needed for local development, will be needed to carry on coffee plantations and other local industries, which just at this moment must have help to carry them over.

We must go to another market, and we think that the best place for a market is New York. We believe firmly that with the many friends we have in that great commercial city a loan can be placed there; but we need some one to talk it up. Had we a loan placed in New York it would give us an additional hold and make the New York financiers take an interest in us.

Even if we can not get a loan in New York, we ought certainly to get one in London. Current rumor has it that a certain bright business man has already nearly made arrangements for a \$2,000,000 loan. What the rate is we have not been able to learn.

It will be a gross financial mistake for us to go on paying six per cent. for money when it ought to be obtained for four. Even if we can reduce the loan to five per cent. we shall be making a step in advance. As Mr. Thurston clearly set forth in his letter on this subject, at five per cent. we should be able to borrow another million and only have to pay \$20,000 a year additional interest.

In view of the prospects of this country, there is little doubt but that, if the Minister of Finance has his hands properly guided and guarded by the Legislature, he will be able to place the loan advantageously.

It is the policy of the anti-annexationists to belittle this country and to decry this Government, and even to try and make people think that the annexation idea militates against the loan. We do not agree with them. The fact that we have annexation as our ultimate goal can have no effect upon the loan. Annexation is not repudiation. Annexation, when it comes, will strengthen the country and develop its resources. Meanwhile, until we get annexation, we must strain every nerve to show that we are alive to the situation, and that when we do become part and parcel of the Great Republic we shall join with well developed lands, with good roads, with a thrifty set of inhabitants, who, having understood how to help themselves, can worthily take a part, however small it may be, in the greatness of the country that they have joined.

## THE FUNDING BILL.

Lorrin A. Thurston's remarks upon the bond issue given in another column sound the keynote of the opinions held by the progressive people of the country. Although the Senate Finance Committee has not reported upon the bills introduced by Minister Damon, from all that can be learned, the members have drawn some conclusions which, it is reported, will lead them to render a unanimous report in favor of letting the matter go over to the next session.

If such is the case, the people may well ask of their representatives in the Legislature, "What are you here for?" We have previously stated and still believe that Minister Damon made a mistake in matters of detail connected with drafting the bills, but upon the general principle of consolidating the public debt his position is a sound one and entirely in keeping with the business-like administration that will continue this Republic in its aggressive forward march. What of it, if there was a mistake made in drafting the bill? Is this any reason why the people of the country should fold their hands and wait for two years before figuring on placing the public debt at a lower rate of interest? Most certainly not. Slight imperfections in the measures now before the Legislature should not deter them from going to work and making obvious improvements.

This country is today in a position to take up its 6 per cent loan and obtain money at from 4 to 4.6 per cent. What business firm in the same position would dilly dally over minor questions of detail that now confront us? In view of the work to be done in the extension of public improvements, in view of the possibilities of annexation, in view of principle that has characterized the history of the Republic, we cannot afford to allow this question of public finance to go by the board and await a more convenient season which may never be forthcoming.

Nothing will strengthen our position as an applicant for admission to Uncle Sam's realms, more than a strong, fearless and business-like internal policy during our existence as an independent nation. Why should we go to the United States with a 6 per cent. debt on our hands, when we can secure a 4 per cent rate? The present funding bill proposes a large discount and commission. Cut down this discount and commission; it is easily done. The bill presupposes going to England for money. Give Hawaiian capitalists an opportunity to invest, give American capitalists the same opportunity, and if these men do not care to invest, go to some other market, but don't let a matter of disagreement upon the first draft of a bill give the country a set-back from which it cannot recover until the next session of the Legislature. The country that banks on futurities will wake up some fine morning to find itself sadly bewailing the inactivity of the past.

## THE HAYNE CASE.

Testimony Before the Police Court Yesterday—Decision Reserved.

Julien D. Hayne was on trial yesterday in the Police Court on the charge of common nuisance, brought by the Government. Neumann, Creighton and Davis defended Mr. Hayne, and Deputy Attorney-General Dole and L. M. Dickey prosecuted.

W. J. Forbes testified to buying a copy of the magazine containing the article on which the charge is based, and J. B. Castle testified as a director of the Hawaiian Gazette Co., to having seen the same article in the number of the Hawaiian printed at the Gazette office, but which he refused to have go out from the printing-room, on account of its character.

The case was argued and submitted, and Judge de la Vergne took the matter under advisement.



Corrie Orena King

## Save the Children

By Purifying Their Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla Makes Pure Blood, Cures Scrofula, Etc.

"My experience with Hood's Sarsaparilla has been very effective. My little girl, five years old, had for four years a bad skin disease. Her arms and limbs would break out in a mass of sores, discharging yellow matter. She would scratch the eruptions as though it gave relief, and tear open the sores."

Two Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla caused the eruptions to heal and the sores peeled off, after which the skin became soft and smooth. As a family medicine.

**HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES**

We believe Hood's Sarsaparilla has no equal and I recommend it." W. L. King, Bluff Dale, Tex.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. 25 cents.

HOBBON DRUG COMPANY, Wholesale Agents.

## FILTERS.

Nature has done much toward providing the people with necessities; it has also done a little toward securing for the people, luxuries. In some localities a filter is a luxury, in others, Honolulu for instance, it is a necessity, but the natural filters that are sold have been much improved by ingenuity of man.

Charcoal is admitted to be the most thorough purifying agent known, consequently Messrs. Slack & Brownlow selected it for use in the manufacture of their filters. And we are the agents for this particular brand of filter in Honolulu, a sufficient guarantee, by the way, of the character of the article.

The latest invoices show three different styles of the S. & B. Filters and these we have in stock, just opened them, in fact, and we want your attention.

No. 1, (we will call it No. 1) is fitted with a movable plate, so that when necessary, the carbon may be taken out and washed. It has also a movable lining allowing access to every part of the interior, which may be kept perfectly sweet and clean.

No. 2 and 3 are provided with the same conveniences for cleaning as the other, but they have the important addition that every part, including the pure water chamber, is accessible, giving them all the requirements of a "Perfect Filter."

The price of the S. & B. filter is below the others. You should have one, because it is a necessity.

PACIFIC HARDWARE CO.







# MME. WACHTMEISTER.

A Distinguished Lecturer to Arrive.

SCIENCE AND PHILOSOPHY.

Of Ancient Family—Now in the Colonies—Will Arrive on Monowal. Lecturers to be Given—A Theosophical Leader—A Vegetarian.

The last mail from Australia brought the news that the above distinguished and talented lady will arrive here on the next trip of the Monowal (April 30th), on her journey from New Zealand to the States, where she intends to spend quite a while in the interest of Theosophy. Very eulogistic accounts of her work in the Australian Colonies precede her, and it is said that she will stay over one steamer in Honolulu, where she will give several lectures on the most interesting features of her favorite science and philosophy.

Some information on this lady will therefore be of interest. She belongs to the highest aristocracy of several European States, and her full name is Constance Georgine Louise de Bourbel de Montjucon. Her parents were the Marquis de Bourbel, formerly in the French diplomatic service, and Constance Bulkley, to whom she was born on the 28th of March, 1835, at Florence, Italy.



THE COUNTESS WACHTMEISTER.

on the 28th of March, 1835, at Florence, Italy. The de Bourbel family boast of being one of the most ancient of France, counting over 1,000 years of unblemished noble ancestors; they originated from the south of France, but since the year 936 A. D. they settled in Normandy, several members distinguishing themselves in French history, especially one Raoul de Bourbel, who lived under Louis XIV. Having lost her parents at an early age, Constance de Bourbel was sent to England to her aunt, Mrs. Bulkley, of Linden Hill, Berkshire, where she was educated and lived until her marriage in 1863, with her cousin, Count Wachtmeister, then Swedish and Norwegian Ambassador at the Court of St. James. There she resided for three years, when her husband was called to Copenhagen, as Ambassador to the Danish Court, and then after two years, her husband being appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs, they took their abode at the official residence in Stockholm, where the King created her a "State Lady of the Land," and she was the last to receive this distinguished honor, as the title then became extinct. Count Wachtmeister died in 1871, and she remained for several years yet in Sweden, spending the winters in warmer climates on account of her health.

She has one son, born in 1865, the Count Axel Wachtmeister, who passed her several years ago, and was entertained by King Kalakaua. In 1879, the Countess, who is gifted with remarkable psychic powers, began some investigations in Spiritualism, but after two years of arduous work, found it both unsatisfactory and dangerous; she then joined the Theosophical Society, and later became intimate with the great founder of that movement, Madame Blavatsky, whom she got to admire and respect so much that she took up her abode with her, to help her in her work. The Countess Wachtmeister was thus privileged to be witness to many strange manifestations of the occult powers and knowledge of that Theosophical leader, and since then she has stood faithfully by the society, working at all times for it, devoting all her time to it and helping in financial matters. The Countess has been a vegetarian for 17 years, according to the "Path," of New York, from which is taken the bulk of this information.

In person she is about the medium height, with blonde hair and blue eyes, a voice of pleasant sound, and her face has a singularly sweet expression. The reports of the press show her to possess an impressive presence and to be gifted with eloquent faculties of a rare order. Her lectures will not fail, then, to be a treat to those here who appreciate literary talent.

## SHIPS AT HONOPI.

Improvement in Landing—New Steamer Route to Kailua.

HONOPI (Hawaii) April 12.—The new four-masted schooner Murel, belonging to R. R. Hind, cleared from Honolulu on Friday April 10th, with 14,237 bags of sugar, en route to San Francisco. The Murel is a new vessel, beautifully fitted up with accommodations for eight or ten passengers. She has proved herself a fast ship

by coming from La Libertad, C. A., to Honoipi in 24 days, a distance of over 4,200 miles.

The new Hawaiian steamer Iwa is now making regular trips between Honoipi and Kailua, Kona, carrying freight and passengers who can now make the trip from Kohala to Kailua in eight or nine hours, of smooth sailing, and thus avoiding the hard and rough trip overland by way of the lava flows.

The landing at Honoipi has been greatly improved by the addition of a steam crane for handling of freight, and as a rule the passengers have only to go down the stairs and step into the boat, the steamer being within seventy-five yards of the shore. The harbor has had a number of new moorings placed and a large pontoon added for handling of heavy freight, making it second to none on the weather side of the island.

## JAPANESE TO EDUCATE.

A School for Teaching in Japanese.

The Lycium, a class of 30 for a Japanese school, was held on the 14th inst. at the residence of Mr. J. H. Wodehouse, secretary of the Hawaiian Education Commission. The school was opened by Mr. J. H. Wodehouse, who said that the purpose of the school was to teach the Japanese language to the children of the Japanese community in Honolulu. The school was held in the evening, and the children were taught by Mr. J. H. Wodehouse. The school was very successful, and the children were very interested in the lessons. The school was held for a week, and the children were very happy to attend. The school was very successful, and the children were very interested in the lessons. The school was held for a week, and the children were very happy to attend.

"This has become a very serious question to the Japanese on the islands. Nothing was done until recently in any way change the state of affairs. 'T. O. Kumura, a young man who holds services in the Japanese community, has started a primary Japanese school, with a attendance of twenty pupils. This school is held on the same principle as institutions of the kind in Japan and is taught by T. Kuwabara, a young man who is a native of Japan, and who has had experience at teaching in his native country.

"This school, which is held in the Lycium, was started on April 14th and is supported by the parents of the children who attend. The teacher receives just enough to support him and has undertaken the work out of free love for the cause, having left a very good position for the one he now occupies.

"Of course you will understand that this school in Honolulu is merely a beginning. It is our hope that schools of the same kind will be started wherever there is a sufficient number of Japanese to warrant it, in order that our children may be taught the language of Japan.

"Every encouragement is being given the work and we feel sure of great success in the future."

## Baseball League Meeting.

A meeting of the baseball league was held in the office of W. F. Allen yesterday. J. Thompson was elected temporary secretary. H. M. Whitney, Jr., was elected president, J. H. Wodehouse, secretary and treasurer. The teams will be represented as follows: H. A. Wilder and Christian Conrad for the Stars, Scanlon and Powell for Company E of the regulars, B. L. Finney and Wm. Lucas for the Honolulu. Arrangements for the season's schedule will be made later.

## Meeting of the Board of Education.

A meeting of the Board of Education was held Friday afternoon. The members present were President W. D. Alexander, W. A. Bowen, M. M. Scott and H. E. Cooper. The business was chiefly connected with the appropriation for school houses. The list originally proposed by the Board being scaled down to meet the exigencies of the financial condition of the country.

G. A. Howard, Jr., and Robert F. Train have opened an office as architects at the corner of Queen and Richards, under the firm name of Howard & Train.

## An Amdavit.

This is to certify that on May 11th I walked to Melick's drugstore on a pair of crutches and bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm for inflammation rheumatism, which had crippled me up. After using three bottles I am completely cured. I can cheerfully recommend it.—Charles H. Wetzel, Sunbury Pa.

Sworn and subscribed to before me on August 10, 1894—Walter Shipman, J. P. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by all druggists and dealers Benson, Smith & Co. Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

In the Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands.

March Term, 1896.

EMMA DEFRIES VS. BRUCE CARTWRIGHT AND H. E. MCINTYRE, EXECUTORS OF THE ESTATE OF G. TROUSSEAU, DECEASED.

Before JUDD, C. J., FREAR and WHITING, JJ.

D. filed a claim with the executors under the will of a deceased person on February 25, and the executors rejected it on February 26th, and D. commenced her action on April 27. He'd. that April 27 was more than two months after the rejection of the claim, and the action could not be maintained under the law requiring suit to be brought "within two months after rejection of the claim."

In computing the time within which an act is to be done, the first day shall be excluded and the last included.

The statute, "Act of 1868, amended by Chap. 10, Laws 1876, to limit the time within which claims of creditors against the estates of deceased persons shall be presented, and suits be commenced to enforce rejected claims," is a special statute of limitation, often known as "statute of non-claim" and need not be specially pleaded.

The executor or administrator cannot waive the provisions of this statute.

## OPINION OF THE COURT, BY WHITING, J.

The plaintiff brought an action against the defendants, executors under the will of G. Trousseau, upon a promissory note of deceased, and produced evidence which showed that the claim was presented to the executors on February 25, 1895, and on February 26, 1895, was rejected by the defendants, and on April 27, 1895, the plaintiff began her action and summons issued.

She alleges in her complaint that she presented her claim duly verified to the defendants on February 25, 1895, and that on February 26, 1895, the defendants rejected her claim and refused to pay it; but plaintiff does not allege that "she has brought her action within two months after such rejection." The defendants in their answer deny the truth of each and every allegation of plaintiff's complaint, and give notice that among other defenses they rely on fraud, forgery, want of consideration, illegality and the statute of limitations, and that suit was not brought on plaintiff's claim within sixty days after the same was rejected and disallowed by the defendants.

It appeared at the trial that plaintiff had brought her action on April 27, 1895, and the close of plaintiff's case the defendants moved to dismiss the complaint on the ground that plaintiff had not brought her action within the time prescribed by law, viz., within two months after the claim was rejected by the defendants.

The court granted the motion, to which plaintiff excepted.

The statute, Acts of 1868 as amended by Chap. 10, Laws of 1876, Comp. Laws page 437, provides for non-claim against estates of deceased persons and Section 3 provides, "if a claim be rejected by the executor or administrator of a suit must be brought on or before two months after such rejection, or within two months after the same shall come due, or it will be barred."

Wherefore, April 27th, within two months after February 26th, the day of rejection of plaintiff's claim?

The word month shall be construed to mean a calendar month unless otherwise expressed. Chapter 3. Civil Code, of the construction of laws. Sec. 18, Civil Code.

In Bowler v. Walker, 9 Haw. 306, the Court held that a writ issued August 25, 1893, judgment having been rendered February 25, 1893, is issued "within six months from the rendition of judgment," as required by statute. The Court followed the general rule that in computing the time within which an act is to be done, the first day shall be excluded and the last included. In re Election Law, 8 Haw. 602; Sec. 1166, Civil Code.

By excluding the day of rejection of the claim, February 26th, the first month would begin February 27th and end March 26th, and the second month begin March 27th and end April 26th; accordingly the action brought on April 27th was not commenced within the time prescribed by law, but was one day too late.

These statutes of non-claim are frequently called special statutes of limitation. Statutes of this character may be considered not as statutes of limitation but rather as special regulations of probate law which impose the loss of the claim if the party fail to sue on it within the time prescribed.

The executor or administrator cannot waive this statutory regulation. The statute is imperative and must be followed by the plaintiff. It is not necessary for defendants to specially plead this statute, but they can take advantage of it if the evidence or proofs show that plaintiff has not complied with the provisions of the statute.

The rule of the Circuit Courts (Rule 4) provides that "in personal actions, the statute of limitations shall be specially pleaded." This has generally been regarded as applicable to Sec. 1036, and following sections, Civil Code, of the time of commencing personal actions (Stat. of Lim. of Personal Actions) and not to this Act of 1868 (Stat. of Non-Claim or Special Limitations) relating to the presentation and rejection of claims against deceased persons' estates.

In Shaw v. Kahala, 3 Haw. 367, the Court held that this special statute of limitations in the Act of June 23, 1868, limiting the time within which to bring suits against administrators on rejected claims was not required to be specially pleaded.

In the case at bar plaintiff had no surprise, and could have none, for although the answer of defendants does not technically word for word set up notice that they rely on the statute of

non-claim, as they do not use the words "within two months," yet defendants have substantially complied with the rule of Court (Rule 4, Circuit Court Rules) and given substantial notice to plaintiff of the defense they relied on, to wit, that the suit was not commenced within the time prescribed by the Act, when they noted in their answer that the action was not brought within 60 days after rejection of the claim.

Exceptions overruled. P. Neumann for plaintiff, C. Brown for defendants.

Honolulu, April 8, 1896.

## A LIGHT KEEPER'S STORY

His Wife Was a Fearful Sufferer From Rheumatism.

Her Joints Were Swollen and Distorted, Her Nights Almost Sleepless and Her Appetite Gone—Suffered for Several Years Before Relief Was Found.

From the Kingston (Canada) News: Mr. Hugh McLaren, lighthouse keeper on Wolfe Island, is one of the best known men in this section, and to his vigilance in the performance of his duties is due the safety of the many craft sailing in that part of the St. Lawrence. Mrs. McLaren, his wife, has been an invalid for a number of years, and in conversation with a reporter recently, Mr. McLaren stated that she was rapidly regaining her old-time health under the treatment of that most marvelous of modern medicines—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Asked if he had any objections to giving the particulars, Mr. McLaren replied that emphatically he had not if such publication was likely to benefit any other sufferer. He said: "A number of years



ago my wife contracted rheumatism, and for a considerable time was a hopeless invalid. Her joints were swollen and distorted; her nights were sleepless and her appetite poor and fickle. During those years she experienced excruciating tortures, the pain never ceasing, day or night. She had the benefit of skilled medical advice, but the treatment afforded no relief and we began to fear that her trouble had gone beyond human aid. On a number of occasions I had read in the papers of cases of rheumatism being cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and this at last determined us to give them a trial. She had used some three boxes before any improvement was noticed; and then we began to notice that she slept better and that her appetite was improved. Then the pains gradually began to subside, and after using about a dozen boxes she was able to get up and walk about. She continued the use of the pills for a while longer, and although occasionally she feels twinges of the trouble in changeable weather, she now enjoys better health than she has done for many years, and can sleep as soundly as she ever did in her life, while her appetite never was better. I look upon Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a wonderful medicine, for I know they have done wonders in my wife's case, and I feel certain that if any who are afflicted as she was will give them a good trial, equally happy results will follow, and I therefore give this testimony freely, hoping that it will benefit some other sufferer."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strike at the root of the disease, driving it from the system and restoring the patient to health and strength. In cases of paralysis, spinal troubles, locomotor ataxia, sciatica, rheumatism, erysipelas, scrofulous troubles, etc., these pills are superior to all other treatment. They are also a specific for the troubles which make the lives of so many women a burden, and speedily restore the rich glow of health to the cheeks. Men broken down by overwork, worry or excess, will find the Pink Pills a certain cure.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by Hollister Drug Co., wholesale agents for Hawaiian Islands, and all dealers in medicine.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets are Issued

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MISS M. F. LEDERER, Office—Hawanan Abstract and Title Co Corner Fort and Merchant streets. 4211-m



**EDISON LOOKING THROUGH A BLOCK OF WOOD.**  
Thomas A. Edison has progressed so far in his experiments with the Roentgen ray, according to the New York Journal, that it is now possible to see with the naked eye through a solid block of wood eight inches in depth. In a recent experiment the inventor plainly distinguished the outlines of his fingers through eight inches of yellow pine. Mr. Edison declares that it is simply a question of further experiment and more powerful light when the human eye will be able to see through solid metals, brick walls, sealed letters and the human body. He believes that there is no reason why physicians may not look into our hearts, lungs and stomachs. "He has been at his experiments practically day and night since the discovery of the Roentgen ray." His aim has been to do away with photography in penetrating solid substances, and to perfect his apparatus so that the human eye can do the work of the photographic plate.

# For Sale!

## EASY TERMS.

QUEEN HOTEL and COTTAGE—Situated on Nuuanu Avenue. The Hotel has twenty well lighted and well ventilated rooms. The Dining Room is spacious and airy, and the Kitchen is furnished with a range and a special heater.

EAGLE HOUSE and COTTAGE—A premises well adapted for a hotel or first-class boarding house. In good condition.

"MOUNTAIN VIEW," Nuuanu Valley. A beautiful and desirable location; within easy access of town, and yet possessing all of the qualities of a mountain home. A mountain stream flows through the property, and a wind mill furnishes clear and sparkling water. Several acres of land, a

house, two cottages, a barn and servants' quarters are included in this offer.

12 ACRES OF RICE and TARO LAND—Situated on the Railroad, between Pearl City and the Peninsula. Two houses and a windmill are on the premises.

PENINSULA PROPERTY—Installment plan. Beach lots at low prices and easy terms.

PEARL CITY LOTS—Any elevation, desirable and cheap. Now is the time to get a country home at a reasonable price.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY AT THE OFFICE OF

# HENRY WATERHOUSE,

4277-1w 1751-1w

QUEEN STREET.

# PATTERNS AND PRICES

Of the following dress goods will be sent to any address on request, viz:

FRENCH DRESS FABRICS, Imported direct from Paris, LOVELY DESIGNS.

SCOTCH GINGHAMS In checks and stripes, : : : NICE-TINTS.

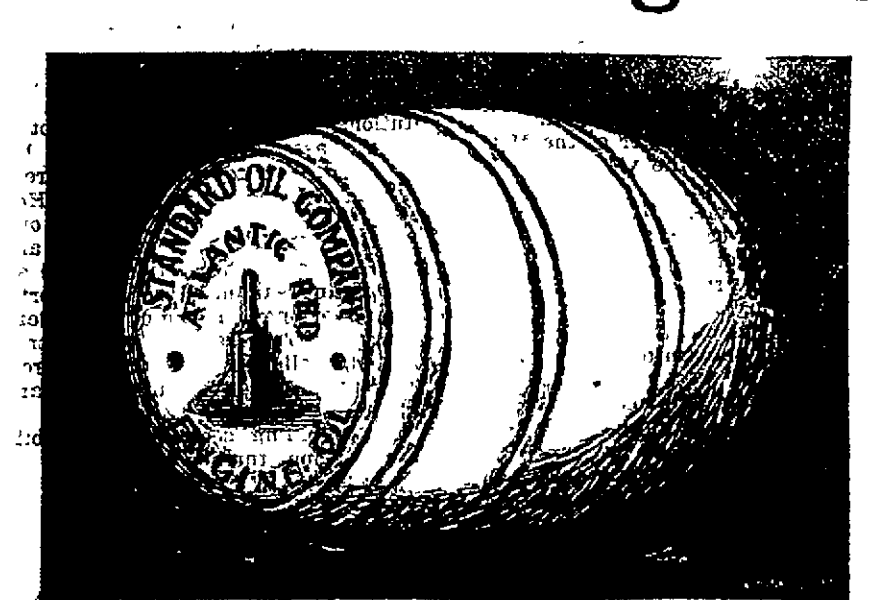
NAVY BLUE and GREY SERGES, Just the thing for walking and riding SKIRTS.

All Enquiries Cheerfully Answered.

L. B. KERR, P.O. BOX 306 HONOLULU

# High Grade Lubricating Oils

These Oils are without an equal. They supply the demand for a good oil at a moderate price.



ATLANTIC RED ENGINE—Is especially adapted to centrifugal machinery and high-speed engines.

CAPITOL CYLINDER—For Cylinders, Etc.

CASTOR-MINERAL—For Steam Plows, And

SUMMER BLACK—For Car Boxes, Etc.

# CASTLE & COOKE, Ltd.





## THE SOCIAL SIDE.

The officers of the U. S. S. Petrel and Concord, now in port, are enjoying the society of friends they have made during their short stay.

Miss Blanche Cornwell, who left on the Australia Thursday for a visit in California, will be absent for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Carter gave a dinner to Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Adams Saturday evening. There were present Misses Pauahi Judd, Madeline Hartwell, Belle Carter and Wm. Lewers.

Among those present on the courts of the Pacific Tennis Club Ladies' Day, Wednesday, were Mrs. H. Focke, Miss Moulder, Misses May Atkinson, Molly Atkinson, the Misses King and Miss May Hart.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Von Holt gave a farewell dance to A. F. Knudsen at their home in Walkiki Monday evening. There were over fifty guests present. The Kawaihau club furnished music for dancing on the lanai.

Mrs. Hermann Focke gave a farewell luncheon for Mrs. A. S. Willis Wednesday. Those present were Mrs. Neumann, Mrs. Bruce Cartwright, Mrs. T. R. Walker, Mrs. Ellis Mills, Mrs. Harris and Miss Moulder. The decorations were in pink.

Miss Rudolph Spreckles and her sister, Miss Joliffe, of San Francisco, returned on the Claudine after a pleasant visit on Spreckelsville Plantation. They will remain in Honolulu until the departure of the O. & O. S. China, upon which steamer they will leave for their home.

The Walkiki home of Col. W. F. Allen was a scene of brilliancy last night. The occasion was a supper and afterwards music, given for Miss Grace Birnie by Miss Belle Carter. There were present Mr. and Mrs. George Carter, the Misses Hartwell, Miss Fuller, R. C. Scott, W. Lewers, Geo. Potter, Armstrong Smith and others.

Miss Mabel Hartwell gave a luncheon for Miss Grace Birnie at her home, Nuuanu, Wednesday. There were present Mrs. Spreckles, Miss Joliffe, Mrs. E. R. Adams, Mrs. George Carter, Mrs. Alfred Carter, Misses Kate McGrew, Madeline Hartwell, Grace Richards, Pauahi Judd and Birnie. Music was enjoyed after luncheon.

A dinner to Captain Emory of the U. S. S. Petrel was given at the Wilder home, Walkiki, Friday evening. There were present Mrs. S. G. Wilder, Mr. and Mrs. George Carter, Mr. and Mrs. P. Wilder, Miss May Atkinson, Miss Molly Atkinson, Lieutenant N. Sargent and S. G. Wilder. The Kawaihau Club furnished delightful music for the occasion.

There have been no more agreeable residents in the diplomatic circles this year than the Hawaiian minister and Mrs. Hatch, at whose legation home, on 16th street, so many pleasant events have occurred, says the Washington Star. Mr. and Mrs. Hatch have not made their vacation plans yet, but wherever they go they will be a welcome acquisition to a summer colony.

The marriage of Miss Lillie Hart to Mr. Francis Gay at the home of the bride, Walkiki, yesterday afternoon, was a very quiet affair and was witnessed only by immediate members of the family. Rev. Alex Mackintosh officiated. After the ceremony the newly married couple were driven to the steamer Ke Au Hou, upon which vessel they, in company with Mr. Charles Gay, a brother of the bridegroom, left for Makaweli, Kauai, where Mr. and Mrs. Gay will make their future home. The very best wishes of the many friends of the bride and groom will attend them.

## FIRST ANNUAL REGATTA.

H. R. A. Has Arranged a Fine Program of Five Events.

Saturday, May 9th, is a good date for the sports to write in big red letters and paste in some prominent place on the inside of their hats for reference when thinking of the regatta that is to take place at Pearl Harbor. The time set is 2:30 p. m., and the first event will be a single-scutt race. Next in order will come the six-oared stationary seat, the six-oared sliding-seat barge, the four-oared practice shell (for juniors), and the four-oared practice shell (for seniors) races. Entries will be made with the secretary of the Regatta Committee, 13 Kaahumanu street. For further particulars see advertisement in this paper.

The "Meteors" had a delightful bike ride to Walkiki Saturday night.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This is the best medicine in the world for bowel complaints. It acts quickly and can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. Try it, and like many others you will recommend it to your friends. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agts. for Hawaiian Islands.

SIBYL.

## FOR PIMPLES

USE  
Cuticura  
SOAPTHE ONLY  
PREVENTIVE  
OF  
PIMPLES

Because the only preventive of clogging, inflammation, and irritation of the pores, the CAUSE of pimples, blackheads, blotches, rough, red, oily skin, baby blemishes and falling hair

N. B.—CUTICURA SOAP is not only the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, but the purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery.

Sale greater than the combined sales of all other skin and complexion soaps, both foreign and domestic. Sold throughout the world. British agents: Messrs. J. & S. B. & Co., Ltd., 1, King Edward-st., London, E. C. Foreign Agents: Messrs. J. & S. B. & Co., Ltd., 1, King Edward-st., London, E. C.



## Every Rider

OF A

## "BIKE"

Will appreciate the virtue of

## SELVYT

The New POLISHING CLOTH.

Better and Cheaper than Chamois Leather!

Polishes in half the time, with less than half the labor required with any other material. We are selling them so as to be within the reach of every one. Three sizes:

15c. 25c. 50c.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., SOLE AGENTS.

## Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

G. N. WILCOX, President. T. MAY, Auditor.  
J. F. HACKFELD, Vice-President. E. SUNR, Secretary and Treasurer.  
P. O. BOX 484 MUTUAL TEL. 467.

WE ARE PREPARED TO FILL ALL ORDERS FOR

## Artificial = Fertilizers.

ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

Pacific Guano, Potash, Sulphate of Ammonia,  
Nitrate of Soda, Calcined Fertilizer,  
Salts, Etc., Etc.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our Agricultural Chemist.

ALL GOODS ARE GUARANTEED IN EVERY RESPECT.

For further particulars apply to

PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER COMPANY.

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager.

## The PACIFIC HOSPITAL STOCKTON, CAL.

MANAGEMENT OF—

ALL PHYSICIAN, DR. G. G. CLARK, Resident Manager.



PRIVATE HOSPITAL for the CARE and TREATMENT of MENTAL and NERVOUS DISEASES, MORPHINE and COCAINE HABITS.

THE Proprietary Institution known as The Pacific Hospital is especially devoted to the care and treatment of Mental and Nervous Diseases. The buildings are capacious and comfortable, having been constructed for the accommodation of over 200 patients, and they are pleasantly situated in the suburbs of Stockton, and surrounded by attractive grounds of 40 acres in extent with cultivated gardens and pleasant walks. Its advantages over public institutions in facility of admission and procuring extra accommodations if required, are obvious. For terms and other particulars apply to the Management. REFERENCE: DR. L. C. LANS ..... San Francisco DR. R. H. FLOMER ..... San Francisco DR. W. H. MAYS ..... S. F. ex-Supt. Ins. Asylum DR. B. H. WOOLSEY Sur S. F. Co., and Oak and De Rost A. McLean ..... San Francisco DR. W. H. TUOHY ..... San Francisco DR. J. S. TRUE ..... San Francisco DR. G. A. SHUMATELFF, Nepa, late Supt. State Insane Asylum. 1607 5th

## Art Goods.

The demand for colors, both water and oil is the surest indication of a refined taste among the ladies of the Islands. We are in a position to supply the demand.

A full supply of colors, brushes, oils, varnish and canvas always on hand.

Picture framing, satisfactory picture framing, is due largely to the taste displayed in the selection of mouldings that will harmonize with the picture. We have the taste and mouldings. Let us give you a suggestion.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pumps, Centrifugals, Elevators, Flows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 25 miles.

Electric power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Cables, and all Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.

King Bros.,  
HOTEL STREET.

## H. Hackfeld &amp; Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron barks "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfleger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

## DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc.,

IN THE LATEST STYLES. A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crapes, Etc.

## Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT. Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Molekins, Meltons, Serge, Kammergarns, Etc.

## Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Bibbons, Laces, and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

## A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining and Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc. American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Caudex Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease.

Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails (15 and 20), Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates.

Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks. Also Hawaiian Sugar and Rice, Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

For Sale on the Most Liberal Terms and at the Lowest Prices by  
H. HACKFELD & CO.

## PURE BLOOD

Is the source of good health.

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Makes Pure Blood,  
Strengthens the Nerves,  
Sharpens the Appetite,  
Removes that Tired Feeling,  
and Makes Life Worth Living.

AYER'S  
SARSAPARILLA

Gold Medals at the World's Great Expositions.

Sufferers from indigestion, general debility, skin diseases, or any other ailment arising from impure blood, should take

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA is prominent on the wrapper and is blown in the glass of each bottle.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY Limited.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S  
CHLORODYNE.

Original and Only Genuine.

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was a libelous untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1884.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, report that it ACTS as a CHARM, and dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

Important Caution.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer,  
J. T. DAVENPORT.

33 Great Russell Street, London, W. C.

## J. S. WALKER,

General Agent the Hawaiian Islands.

## Royal Insurance Company.

Alliance Assurance Company  
Alliance Marine and General Insurance Company.

## WILHELM OF MADDEBURG

INSURANCE COMPANY.

Sun Life Insurance Company of Canada.

Scottish Union and National Union.

Room 12, Spreckels' Block, Honolulu, H. I.

## HEADS

BUSINESS COLLEGE,  
164 Post Street, - San Francisco.

FOR SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS

This college instructs in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Drawing, all the English branches and everything pertaining to business for full six months. We have 16 teachers and give individual instruction to all our pupils.

A Department of Electrical Engineering Has been established under a thoroughly qualified instructor. The course is thoroughly practical. Send for circular.

C. S. HALEY, Secretary.

COMMERCIAL PRINTING A SPECIALTY AT GAZETTE OFFICE TELEPHONE 88.



## METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey. Published Every Monday.

	Barom.	Therm.	Wind.	Force.	Direction.
	9 a.m.	5 p.m.	Max.	Min.	
Mon.	30.12	80.00	59	50	SE
Tue.	30.13	81.00	66	50	SE
Wed.	30.10	80.00	66	50	SE
Thurs.	30.10	80.00	66	50	SE
Friday	30.10	80.00	66	50	SE
Sat.	30.10	80.00	66	50	SE

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity.

## TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Day	High Tide	Low Tide	Sun	Moon
Mon.	10:24 a.m.	4:35 p.m.	5:36	6:21
Tues.	11:21 a.m.	5:35 p.m.	5:36	6:21
Wed.	12:12 p.m.	6:35 p.m.	5:36	6:21
Thurs.	1:01 p.m.	7:35 p.m.	5:36	6:21
Friday	1:51 p.m.	8:35 p.m.	5:36	6:21
Sat.	2:41 p.m.	9:35 p.m.	5:36	6:21

First quarter of the moon on the 20th at 12h. 17m. p.m.

Tides and moon phase are given in standard time. The time of sun and moon rising and setting being given for all ports in 30 degrees in Local Time, to which the respective corrections to Standard Time applicable to each different port should be made.

The Standard Time whistle sounds at 12h. 00m. (midnight) Greenwich Time, which is 1h. 30m. p.m. of Hawaiian Standard Time.

## ARRIVALS.

Friday, April 17.

Am bktnr Planter, Dow, from San Francisco.

Strmr James Makee, Peterson, from Kauai.

Strmr Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Kauai ports.

Strmr Iwalani, Gregory, from Hawaii.

Strmr Iwalani, Gregory, from Hawaii and Maui.

Strmr Kilalea Hou, Everett, from Hawaii.

Strmr Kaena, Thompson, from Oahu ports.

Saturday, April 18.

Bktnr S N Castle, Hubbard, from San Francisco.

Strmr Mokoli, Hilo, from Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai.

Strmr Mikahala, Haglund, from Kauai.

Strmr Kaala, Bruhn, from Kauai ports.

Strmr Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Kauai ports.

Strmr Kaala, Thompson, from Oahu ports.

Sunday, April 19.

Am bk Ceylon, Calhoun, from Nainome.

Strmr Claudine, Cameron, from Maui ports.

Strmr James Makee, Peterson, from Kauai ports.

Strmr Lehua, Nye, from Hawaii ports.

Strmr Iwalani, Gregory, from Hawaii ports.

Strmr Waialeale, Parker, from Hawaii.

Monday, April 20.

Ger ship H. F. Glade, Haestoop, from Liverpool.

## DEPARTURES.

Friday, April 17.

Bk. Kate Davenport, Reynolds, for Port Townsend.

Bgtnr W. G. Irwin, Williams, for San Francisco.

Strmr Ke Au Hou, Thompson, for Kauai ports.

Strmr James Makee, Peterson, for Kauai ports.

Strmr Iwalani, Gregory, for Lahaina and Hamakua.

Strmr Likeli, Weir, for Hawaii ports.

Saturday, April 18.

Bgtnr W. G. Irwin, Williams, for San Francisco.

Am bark Albert, Griffiths, for San Francisco.

Am schr Transit, Jorgensen, for San Francisco.

Bk. Kate Davenport, Reynolds, for Puget Sound.

Monday, April 20.

Strmr Kilalea Hou, Everett, for Hawaii.

Strmr Mokoli, McGregor, for Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai.

Strmr Mikahala, Haglund, for Kauai ports.

Strmr J. A. Cummins, Nelson, for Oahu ports.

Strmr Kaala, Bruhn, for Kauai ports.

Strmr James Makee, Peterson, for Kauai.

Bark Holliswood, Knight, for San Francisco, at 2 p. m.

## VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Strmr W G Hall, Simerson, for Maui and Hawaii, at 10 a. m.

Strmr Kaala, Thompson, for Oahu ports.

Strmr Waialeale, Parker, for Hawaii ports.

Strmr Claudine, Cameron, for Maui ports, at 5 p. m.

## IMPORTS.

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per strmr Kinuau, April 11—5757 bgs sugar, 300 bgs potatoes, 40 bgs corn, 20 bgs taro, 92 hogs, 10 bgs awa, 40 hides, 1 canoe, 130 packages sundries.

From Kauai, per strmr Kaala, April 11—7510 bgs sugar and 39 bgs hides.

From Hawaii per strmr Iwalani, April 11—4544 bgs sugar and 68 bgs hides.

From Oahu ports per strmr Kaena, April 11—500 bgs sugar and 14 hides.

From Hawaii, per strmr Waialeale, April 11—3430 bgs sugar.

From Kauai, per strmr Mikahala, April 12—5398 bgs sugar, 81 bgs pia, 11 bgs green hides, 3 horses and 18 pks sundries.

From Kauai, per strmr Ke Au Hou, April 12—3700 bgs sugar.

From Kauai, per strmr James Makee, April 12—2700 bgs sugar and 5 pks sundries.

From Maui, per strmr Claudine, April 12—6884 bgs sugar, 195 bgs potatoes, 108 bgs corn, 28 hides, 102 hogs, 1 horse, 115 pks sundries.

From Port Stanley, per bk Foxglove, April 13—3180 bgs and 273 bulk (591 tons in all), consigned to A F Cooke.

From Kauai, per strmr James Makee, April 15, 2674 bgs sugar.

From Kauai, per strmr Ke Au Hou, April 15, 4000 bgs sugar.

From Hawaii, per strmr Waialeale, April 15, 3553 bgs sugar and one box castings.

From Hawaii, per strmr Likeli, April 15, 8500 bgs sugar.

From Oahu ports, per strmr J. A. Cummins, April 15—900 bgs sugar and 204 bgs rice.

From Lahaina, for strmr Kaala, April 16, 1719 bgs paddy, 30 bgs rice, 27 pks sundries.

From Oahu ports, per strmr Kaena, April 16—500 bgs sugar.

From Eureka, per schr. Esther Buhne, April 16—97,847 ft. rough merch redwood, 191,807 ft. cl. spd. redwood, and 30 R. W. shingles, consigned to Lewers & Cooke.

From Maui and Hawaii, per strmr W. G. Hall, April 17—6250 bgs sugar, 82 bgs coffee, 20 bgs awa, 8 bds. hides, 26 head cattle, and 1 horse.

From Kauai, per strmr Ke Au Hou, April 17—3996 bgs sugar.

From Kahuku, per strmr Kaena, April 17—450 bgs sugar.

From Hawaii, per strmr Iwalani, April 17—4897 bgs sugar and 19 pks. sundries.

From Kauai, per strmr James Makee, April 17—2205 bgs sugar, 245 bgs rice and 8 pks. sundries.

## Importers.

From San Francisco, per O. S. S. Australia, April 13—Cargo general merchandise consigned to Albert Burns, A. L. Christolm, A. W. Holson, A. C. Wall, Benson, Smith & Co., Supt. Public Works, B. Bergensen, C. Brewer & Co., Theo. H. Davies & Co., Brown & Kube, Claus Spreckels & Co., Castle & Cooke, Bishop & Co., Chas. Hustace, C. W. Macfarlane, City Furniture Store, C. R. Rollins, Cal. Feed Co., C. Klemme, Wm. G. Irwin & Co., E. O. Hall & Son, James Dodd, E. F. Bishop, E. H. Gates, E. A. Mott-Smith, F. A. Schaefer & Co., K. Furuya, G. Schumann, G. West, G. Reidel, Jr., Macfarlane & Co., Haw. Hardware Co., Haw. Electric Co., Haw. News Co., Haw. Carriage Mfg. Co., Haw. Star N. P. Ass'n., Hawaiian Gazette Co., Haw. Sugar Co., M. S. Grinbaum & Co., Hobron Drug Co., Hollister Drug Co., Henry Davis & Co., H. E. McIntyre & Bros., Hart & Co., Hymen Bros., H. Hackfeld & Co., H. F. Wichman, H. Klemme, Hop Sing & Co., J. T. Waterhouse, J. J. Egan, J. E. Gomes, Jas. W. Bergstrom, Estate of J. H. Lovejoy, J. L. Carter & Co., J. Hopp & Co., J. Nott, John Phillips, J. F. Scott, King Bros., Kwong Tai Loy, Kwong Tai Lo, Kwong Lee Yuen, Kwong Pat, Wo Sing Co., Lewers & Cooke, L. B. Kerr, Chang Chaw, Lun Chong Tai, M. W. McChesney & Sons, M. Phillips & Co., Manufacturers' Shoe Store, Mills & Co., M. V. Holmes, M. McNairy, P. McNairy, M. P. Nape, M. K. McLennan, W. G. Irwin & Co., Mrs. Dr. Whitney, Mrs. M. Hanna, Miss A. Cahill, Man Lung, N. S. Sachs, Oahu Lumber & Building Co., O. C. Swain, P. G. Camarinos, Penfield, Kwong Sam Kee & Co., Rev. H. Kihara, Hon. S. B. Dole, Sing Lee Co., G. S. Waggoner, Tom Ping Sun Kee, Tong On Jan & Co., Tong On Kee, Union Feed Co., Voeller & Co., Wilder & Co., W. C. Peacock & Co., W. W. Dimond, Wall, Nichols & Co., W. F. Reynolds, Wo Sing Co., Wing Wo Chan Co., Wing Wo Tai Co., Wing Chong Lung, Wing Mow Chan, Yokohama Specie Bank, Y. Lum Sing Co., Yee Chan and Yee Sun Kee.

From San Francisco, per bktnr S. C. Allen, April 16—Cargo general merchandise consigned to Castle & Cooke, Allen & Robinson, Union Feed Co., F. F. Porter, Enterprise Mill, Manuella Ranch Co., A. J. Washburn, Ordway & Porter, Henry May & Co., J. S. Pratt, I. S. N. Co., Benson, Smith & Co., E. F. Bishop & Co., Brewer & Co.

## EXPORTS.

For San Francisco, per bk R. P. Rithet, April 15—32,664 bgs sugar, weighing 4,009,803 lbs, valued at \$140,353.11 and shipped as follows: 4,677 bgs by Castle & Cooke to Welch & Co., 4546 bgs by Theo H. Davis & Co. to Williams, Dimond & Co.; 3,778 bgs sugar by F. A. Schaefer & Co. to Williams, Dimond & Co., and 19,669 bgs by C. Brewer & Co. to Welch & Co.

For San Francisco, per O. S. S. Australia, April 16—500 bgs. rice, shipped by Sing Chong Co., 650 bgs rice by M. S. Grinbaum & Co.; 312 bds. hides, by F. F. Porter; 334 bds. hides by S. J. Waller; 120 bunches bananas, by J. R. Park; 154 bunches bananas, by E. L. Marshall; 502 bunches bananas, by C. Wilcox; 100 bunches bananas, by Chang Tin; 1290 bunches bananas, by Lum Sing Co.; 828 bunches bananas, by S. W. Tom Tong & Co.; 1212 bunches bananas, by Sing Lee Co.; 44 bunches bananas, by Mau Lung & Co.; 240 bunches bananas, by Kwong Tai Loy; 2361 bunches bananas, by Campbell & Co.; 100 bunches bananas, by Theo H. Davies & Co.; 500 bunches bananas, by Chang Chaw; 143 bunches bananas, by Macfarlane & Co.; 452 bunches bananas, by George Andrews; 1271 bgs sugar, by Wm. G. Irwin & Co. to J. D. Spreckels Bros. San Francisco. Totals—1150 bgs. rice, 9208 bunches bananas, 1271 bgs sugar, also 366 pks sundries shipped by various consignors. Total value of cargo, \$73,592.

For San Francisco, per bgtnr W. G. Irwin, April 17—8888 bgs sugar,

weighing 1,157,290 pounds, valued at \$42,678 and shipped as follows: 4935 bgs by W. G. Irwin & Co. and 3953 bgs by H. A. Widemann to J. D. Spreckels & Bros. Co.

## PASSENGERS.

## Arrivals.

From Maui and Hawaii, per strmr. W. G. Hall, April 17—Hon. H. L. Holstein, W. F. Dillingham, B. L. Marx, W. L. Stanley, C. A. Doyle, S. M. Ballou and wife, G. K. Wilder, J. S. Scribner, J. F. Bowler, Enoch Johnson, Hon. G. P. Kamaoaha, J. M. Kaneakua, J. K. Kahookana, Pedro Alameda, F. Shiba-yama, Mrs. T. C. Willis, Mrs. E. Kama-holu, Mrs. K. Lohi and child, Master L. McKeague, Master Kalawala, Ahana and 38 on deck.

From Kauai, per strmr Ke Au Hou, April 17—Dr. A. E. Nichols.

From San Francisco, per bk S. C. Allen, April 16—Mr. and Mrs. C. B. High.

From San Francisco, per bktnr S. N. Castle, April 18—Mr. McChesney.

From Kauai, per strmr Mikahala, Apr 18—Rev. O. H. Gulick and wife, Misses Agnes and Sophie Judd, Emma Buhne, Miss Talcott, Mrs. L. A. Coney, Miss A. Levey, A. H. Smith and son, C. H. Bishop, C. von Hamm, H. Vida and 7 deck.

From Kauai, per strmr Kauai, April 18—G. R. Harris, J. W. Pickard, Mrs. Wai-pahu, Tan Wo, and 39 deck.

From Oahu ports per strmr Kaala, April 18—Norman Hulbert and 3 on deck.

From Maui, per strmr Claudine, Apr 19—Rudolph Spreckels, Mrs. H. Kolo-moku and three children, Miss Ella Wight, V. A. Vellesen, C. T.uch, S. Fu-kuda, Rev. S. Takahashi, S. Ahmi, Wong Jug Lung, R. A. Drummond, N. K. Smith, D. Kahalelio, J. S. Mc-Candless and 75 on deck.

## Departures.

For Makaweli, per strmr. Ke Au Hou, April 17—Francis Gay and wife, Chas. Gay, F. W. Glade and wife.

For San Francisco, per bk Albert, Apr 18—John A. Hassinger.

For San Francisco, per bktnr W. G. Irwin, Apr 18—Mrs. Geo. P. Dennison and Miss Dennison.

## DIED.

HOWLAND—In this city, April 13, 1896, Rebecca Wright Howland, widow of Capt. Henry S. Howland, aged 54 years.

MITCHELL—In this city, April 19, 1896, Sarah J., beloved wife of Wm. Mitchell, aged 29 years and 7 months.

REPORT OF WEATHER BUREAU, April 20, 9 p. m.—Temperature, 69 deg.; dew point, 67 deg.; barometer, 30.95. Prospects—Uncertain.

AT DIAMOND HEAD SIGNAL STATION, April 20, 10 p. m.—Weather is clear; wind light, northeast. Ship Commodore bound in.

The U. S. S. Concord is taking on coal from the bark Ceylon.

The ship Roanoke will sail for New York on or about next Monday.

The ship Commodore was reported off port yesterday. She will be in this morning.

The U. S. S. Petrel will get away early Wednesday morning. She will probably finish coaling today.

The O. R. & S. N. steamer Chittagong is due from Yokohama. Theo. H. Davies & Co. are the agents.

There is a great insufficiency of wharf room. The Inter-Island steamers have been forced to go from place to place looking for some convenient opening to rest for five minutes.

The largest schooner ever built on the Atlantic coast is almost ready for launching, and has been named the William B. Palmer. Her dimensions are: Length, 257 feet; breadth, 42 feet; depth, 20 feet; gross tonnage, 1805.73. The largest schooner at present afloat is the Governor Ames, which is of only twenty-seven tons less than the new vessel. Each of Palmer's lower masts is 148 feet long, or one foot longer than those of the Governor Ames.

A project is on foot to interest Portland, Or., capitalists in the building of a steel sailing vessel for the Pacific Coast lumber trade. Captain J. Jarvis of the British ship Duntune has designed a vessel which, it is believed, could be profitably used in such work. Captain Jarvis' plans are for a vessel of 1360 tons register, 235 feet long, 42 feet beam and 14 feet depth of hold. Such a vessel could carry 1,600,000 feet of lumber, including the deckload. A vessel of this tonnage of the old style would not carry over 1,000,000 feet. It is proposed to have the vessel built on the Clyde and put under the Hawaiian flag.—N. Y. Maritime Register.

## MOONSHINERS CAPTURED.

Distillery at Kallhi Valley Raided by the Police.

Detective Kaapa and three assistants went up into Kallhi valley early yesterday afternoon and captured Akana and his two assistants, who have been occupying themselves with distilling okolehao for some time past.

Akana was just leaving his distillery when the officers arrived. He was taken back, and then began a systematic search.

The place was not hidden, but was set immediately in a deep gulch, very difficult of access. One of the best distilling outfits ever discovered on the island of Oahu was found in the place.

Eight hogheads of fermenting tea root were found distributed about the place. These were immediately destroyed. A search among the bushes brought to light a half dozen empty demijohns.

Very little okolehao was found, even upon searching Akana's house, situated about a mile away.

For a long time it has been a matter of wonder to a great many people living in Kallhi how their neighbors succeeded in getting okolehao, but the mystery has been solved. Following the clues received from many sources at many different times, Detective Kaapa and his men plodded along in the mud and succeeded in capturing what other detectives before him had failed to do.

## Death of W. H. Smith.

W. H. Smith, contractor and builder on King street, near Alakea, died of pneumonia early yesterday morning. He was an earnest, conscientious man in his business, and was respected by all with whom he came in contact. He will be buried at 3 o'clock today from his late residence.

## ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B41 PILLS

It is warranted to cure all discharges from the Primary Organs, whether acute (gonorrhea or constitutional), Gravel, and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. 1709

## SALE OF

## VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, the undersigned will sell at public auction, at the front door of the Judiciary Building, Honolulu.

Saturday, May 9th, '96

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,

All of the following described real estate:

Beginning at a point on east side of Kapoli street, eighty (80) feet from the mauka line of Lunalihi street and running by true bearings, N 20 deg 12 ft. E seventy feet along Kapoli street, thence 68 deg 48 ft. E one hundred feet (100) feet along Baldwin Manner's premises, thence S 21 deg 12 ft. W seventy (70) feet, thence N 60 deg 48 ft. W one hundred (100) feet to initial point, containing an area of 7000 square feet.

Terms: cash. United States gold coin.

Conveyance at expense of purchaser.

Upset price \$1800.

Guardian of Sam Kamaka Kapaulana Nanihaokalani.

The above property is very desirably situated and the surroundings and view unsurpassed.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Administrator of the estate of Frederick Scholtz, late of Walluku, Maui, deceased, by order of the Hon. J. W. Kalua, Circuit Judge of the Second Circuit, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate to present the same with the vouchers, duly authenticated, to him, at the office of the Sheriff of Maui, in Walluku, Maui, within six months from the date hereof, or such claims will be forever barred.

All persons indebted to the said estate are also notified and directed to pay such debt to the Administrator only.

WM. H. HALSTEAD, Administrator of the Estate of F. Scholtz.

Walluku, Maui, April 18th, 1896.

1752-4w

Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed administrator of the Estate of W. B. Naumau, late of Kekaha, Kauai, deceased, by order of the Honorable Jacob Hardy, Circuit Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same with vouchers duly authenticated to him at his office, Waimea, Kauai, within 6 months from date hereof, or such claims will be forever barred.

All persons indebted to said estate are also notified and directed to pay such debts to the administrator only.

Dated Waimea, Kauai, April 11th, 1896.

T. BRANDT, Administrator Estate of W. B. Naumau.

4278-4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of John Thomas Waterhouse, Jr, late of Honolulu, deceased, to present the same to the undersigned within six months from the date of the publication of this notice, or they will be forever barred.

ELIZABETH BOURNE WATERHOUSE, Executor of the will of John Thomas Waterhouse, Jr

Honolulu, April 7, 1896.

4272-3t 1749-4w

## IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE

First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—JAMES L. NEWTON, and GEORGE H. NEWTON, Plaintiffs, vs. FRANK C. BLAIR et al., Defendants. Action for Quieting of Title in Real Property situate in the Hawaiian Islands.

THE REPUBLIC OF HAWAII.—To the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands or his Deputy.

GREETING:—You are hereby commanded to summon Frank C. Blair, grandson of Mary Emmons, deceased, and Florence S. Blair, his wife; George B. Blair, grandson of Mary Emmons, deceased, and Emily E. Blair, his wife; William G. Blair, grandson of Mary Emmons, deceased, and Blattie V. Blair, his wife; Henrietta Blair, daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased; Susan H. Stearns, granddaughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and E. H. Stearns, her husband; Elizabeth R. Hosmer, granddaughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and Alice M. Hubbard, granddaughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and E. Hubbard, her husband; Florence L. Matterson, granddaughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and J. J. Matterson, her husband; Jane Case, daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and J. N. Case, her husband; Mary C. Martell, daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased; Henry Spring, grandson of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and Sybil Spring, his wife; Angeline L. Vincent, granddaughter of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and W. E. Vincent, her husband; A. Aline Underwood, granddaughter of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and C. B. Underwood, her husband; Davis, husband of Frances Davis, a granddaughter of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and Ida Weaver, a great-granddaughter of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and Weaver, her husband; Helen Giffard, a granddaughter of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and E. M. Giffard, her husband; George W. Forbes, son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased, and Juliette Forbes, his wife; R. Melancthon Forbes, son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased, and Magale Forbes, his wife; James Forbes, son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased, and Ellen Forbes, his wife; Emory Forbes, son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased; Newman, husband of Lydia Newman, deceased, a daughter of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased; Frank Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased, and Frances Newton, his wife; Ashbel Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased, and Mary Newton, his wife; Albert Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased, and Ella Newton, his wife; Merritt Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased, and Sadie Newton, his wife; George Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased; Doubleday, husband of Anna M. Doubleday, deceased, a granddaughter of John Newton, deceased; William A. Doubleday, a great-grandson of John Newton, deceased; Newton, a great-granddaughter of John Newton, deceased; Jackson, husband of Jackson, a great-granddaughter of John Newton, deceased; Richard Eugene Jackson, a great-grandson of John Newton, deceased; Frances Mary Harris, a daughter of John Newton, deceased, and A. Harris, her husband; John H. Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased, and Elizabeth Crandall, daughter of John Newton, deceased, and I. Crandall, her husband; Lydia Jane Harris, daughter of John Newton, deceased; William P. Newton, son of John Newton, deceased, and Emily Newton, his wife. Defendants, in case they shall file their answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be made by the said Circuit Court at the AUGUST TERM, thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Oahu, the third day of August next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of James L. Newton and George H. Newton, plaintiffs, should not be awarded to them pursuant to the tenor of their answer and petition. And have you then there with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness Hon. Alfred W. Carter, First Judge of the First Circuit, of the Circuit at Honolulu, Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, this fourth day of April, 1896.

HENRY SMITH, Clerk.

I certify the foregoing to be a true, full and faithful copy of the original, which is on file in my office, in said Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

HENRY SMITH, Clerk.

1748-3m

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST CIRCUIT of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of JOHN THOMAS WATERHOUSE of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands.

The petition and accounts of the Executor of the will of said deceased, wherein they ask that their accounts be examined and approved, and that a final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in their hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging them from all further responsibility as such executors, having been filed.

It is ordered that FRIDAY, the 24th day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., at Chambers, in the Court House, Judiciary Building, at Honolulu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

Dated at Honolulu, H. I. this 18th day of April, A. D. 1896.

By the Court. J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk.

1744-3ta